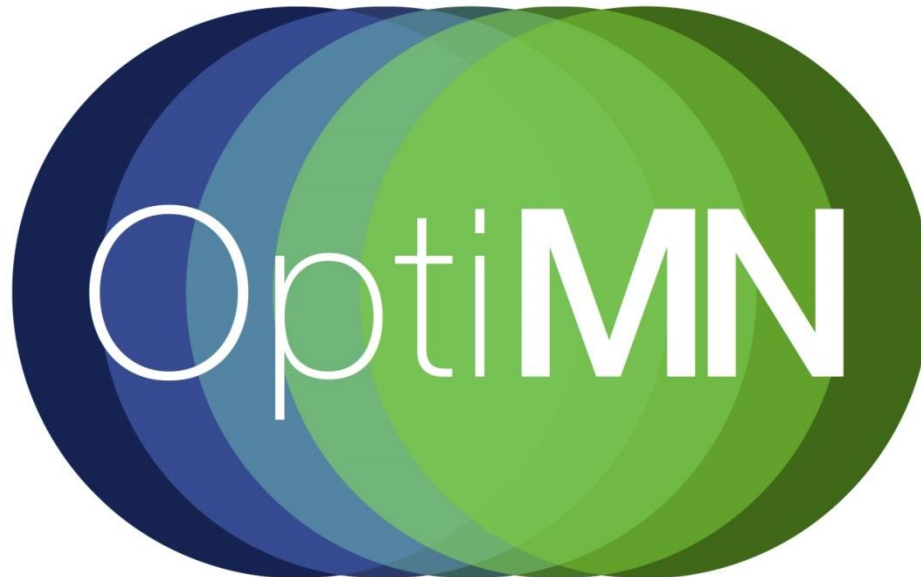

University of Minnesota



DOE "Race to Zero" Student Design Competition

University of Minnesota: **Team OptiMN**



Introduces the “IMPACT Home”

MULTI-DISCIPLINARY TEAM*

Residential Building Science

Collin Coltman
Matthew Dries
Maria Finsness
Tyler Kitzerow
Frank Peters
Peter Schneider
Kristel Spiegelberg
Cavan Wagg

Construction Management

Collin Coltman
Jose Aaron Cruz-Salinas
Kyle Holmes
Jackie Larson
Peter Schneider

Business & Marketing Education

Aaron Hanson

Master of Science Sustainable Design & Masters in Architecture

Laurel Johnston

Bioproducts & Biosystems Science, Engineering, & Management

Maria Fernanda Laguarda Mallo (PhD candidate)

* All 14 team members successfully completed their building science coursework



EXCELLENT PARTNERS

Urban Homeworks

Minneapolis, MN

Affordable Housing Developer

- Builder of communities
- Rebuilder of neighborhoods
- Providing equitable and dignified housing



Residential Science Resources

Eagan, MN

Building Science Consultants

- Energy rating services
- Building science consulting
- Energy audits/assessments
- Utility program deployment



MEET YOUR PRESENTERS



Laurel Johnston
Design Leader

Master of Science
Sustainable Design &
Masters in Architecture

I'm inspired by an ancient Native American proverb: "We do not inherit the earth from our ancestors, we borrow it from our children".



Peter Schneider
Envelope Leader

Residential Building
Science & Technology &
Construction Management

I enjoy finding new ways to make homes beautiful and high performing. I believe we can, and should build homes that lasts for generations.



Cavan Wagg
Systems Leader

Residential Building
Science & Technology

I've enjoyed the experience that the DOE Race to ZERO competition has given me and plan to put that knowledge to work in the field after graduation.



Collin Coltman
Team Leader

Residential Building
Science and Technology &
Construction Management

I dream of building the sustainable, high performance homes of the future, but today.



SOCIAL GOALS | Site in North Minneapolis

- Hit hard by foreclosure crisis
- Struck by tornados in 2011
- Many vacant lots, including site
- Green Homes North: to build 100 energy-efficient homes on empty lots



DESIGN GOALS

Department of Energy's **CHALLENGE**

is to build a Zero Energy Ready Home

Urban Homeworks' **MISSION**

is to produce equitable, dignified, communities

Green Homes North **INITIATIVE**

is to revitalize North Minneapolis neighborhoods with affordable, sustainable, and quality homes

Team OptiMN's **GOAL**

is to design a home that makes an **IMPACT** on the community and environment by achieving all of the above



PERFORMANCE GOALS | DOE Climate Zone 6

Durable & Long-Lasting



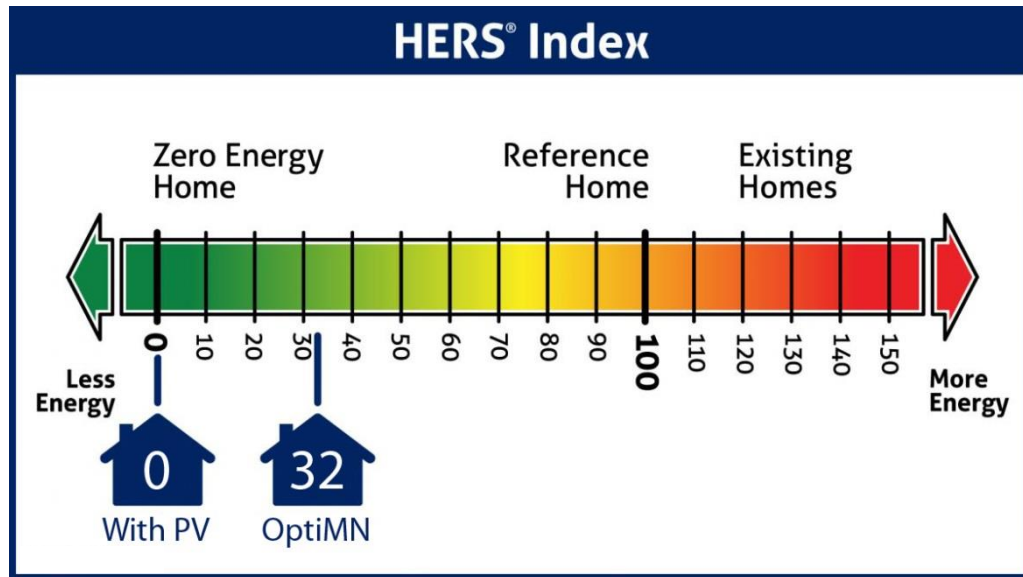
Fortified Home



Indoor Air Quality



Energy Efficient | Zero Energy Ready



Water Stewardship



PERFORMANCE GOALS | Key Strategies

- ENERGY STAR appliances, fans, and windows
- WaterSense low-flow plumbing fixtures
- Native vegetation
- Harvesting rainwater with rain barrels
- LED light bulbs
- HardiePlank lap and shingle siding
- Low-VOC paints & finishes
- tenK solar panels
- Programmable thermostat
- Continuous ventilation system
- Engineered heating and cooling systems
- Whole house air exchanger
- Efficient sealed-combustion water heater
- Concrete with fly ash content
- Job site recycling of construction waste

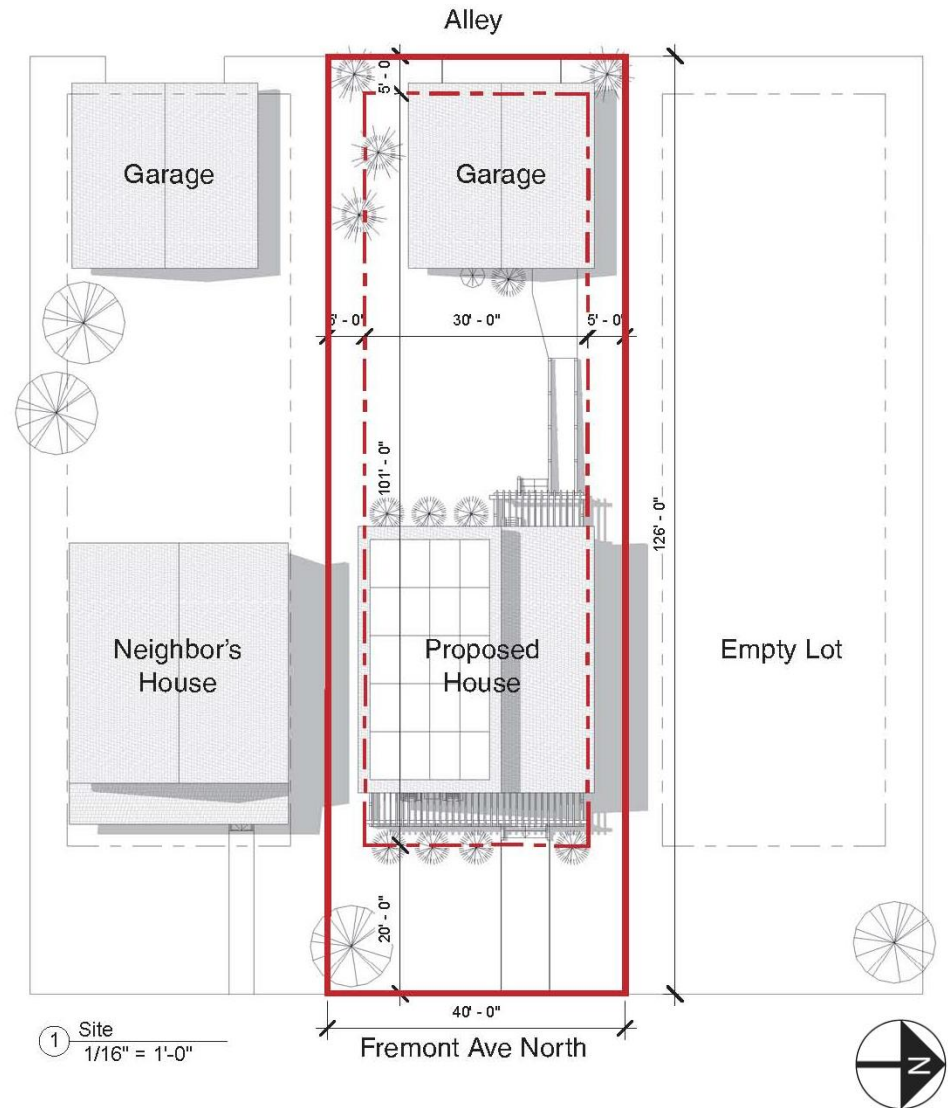


ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Perspective from Fremont Ave

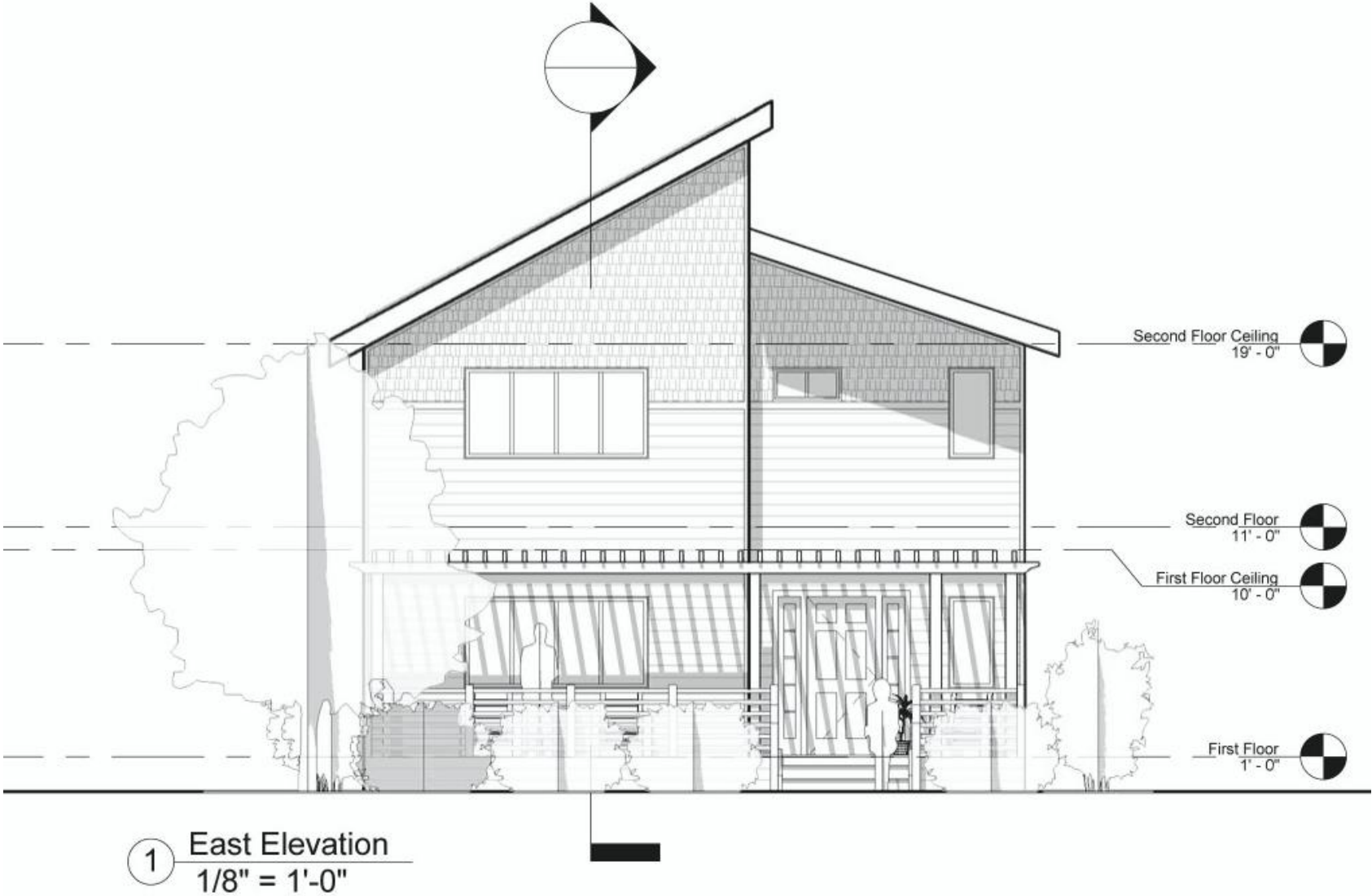


ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Site Plan

- Front faces East
- Longer side oriented South to take full advantage of the sun
- Most Minneapolis residential sites work perfect with this design because they face East or West
- Two-story design ensures better solar access



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | East Elevation (front)



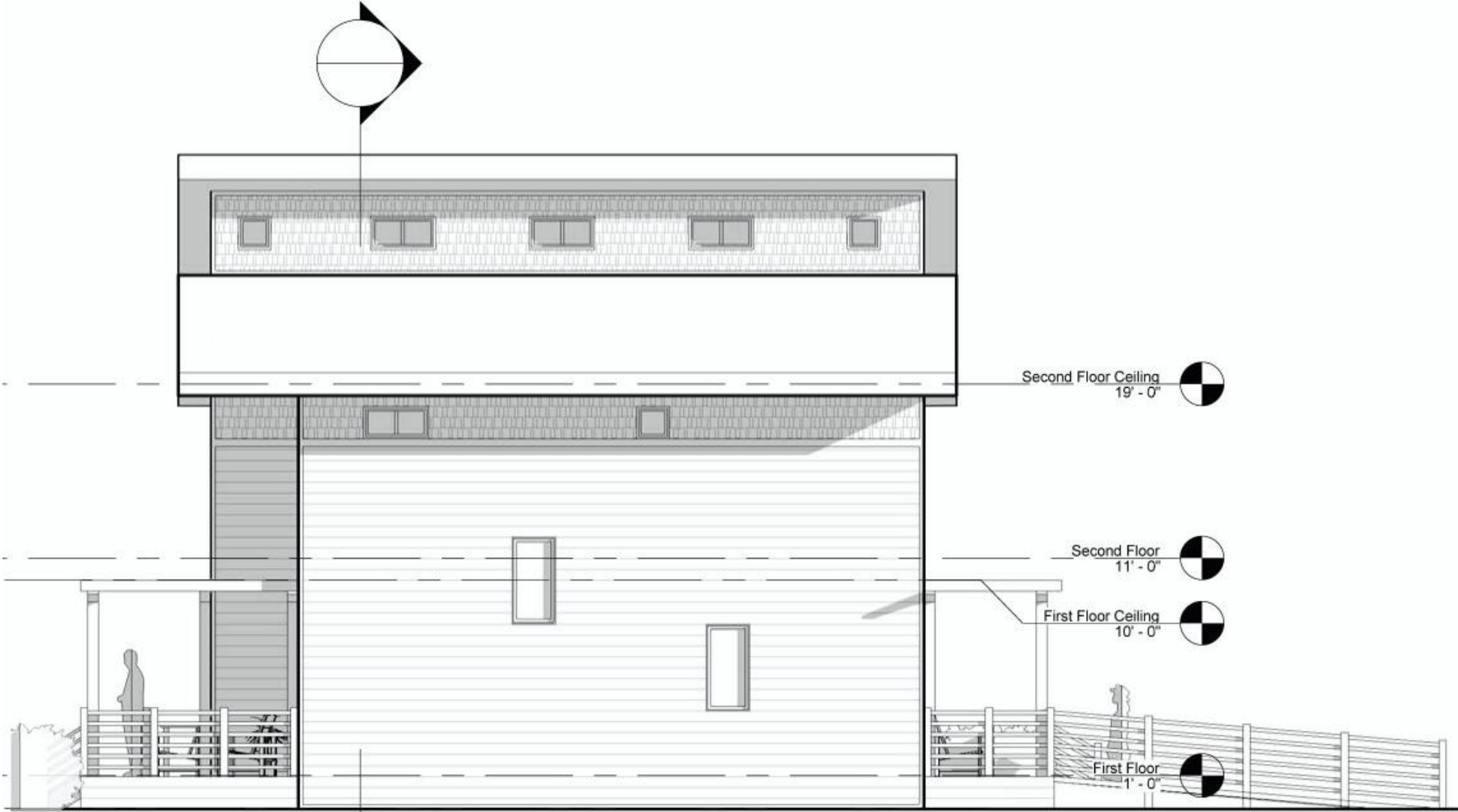
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | West Elevation (back)



2 West Elevation
1/8" = 1'-0"



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | North Elevation



Second Floor Ceiling
19' - 0"

Second Floor
11' - 0"

First Floor Ceiling
10' - 0"

First Floor
1' - 0"

1 North Elevation
1/8" = 1'-0"



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | South Elevation



② South Elevation
1/8" = 1'-0"

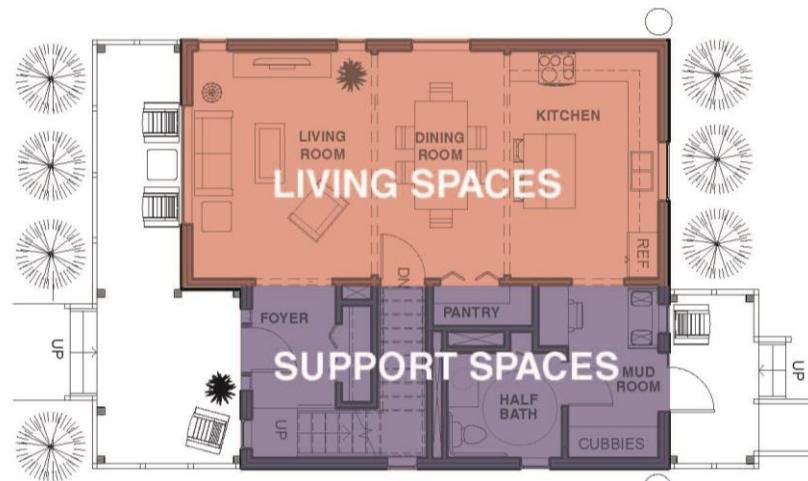


ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Efficient & Flexible Space Planning

- Overall footprint **simple & compact**
- Finished **floor area = 1,696 sf**
 - Plus **848 sf** if lower level is finished
- **3 Bedrooms** (+2 in lower level)
- **1.5 Bathrooms** (+1 in lower level)
- **Two Zones**
 - **Living Spaces**
 - Living room, dining room, kitchen, & bedrooms
 - Take advantage of southern exposure & light from clerestory windows on second floor
 - **Support Spaces**
 - Foyer, stairs, mudroom, pantry, closets, laundry & bathrooms
 - Act as a buffer to the North



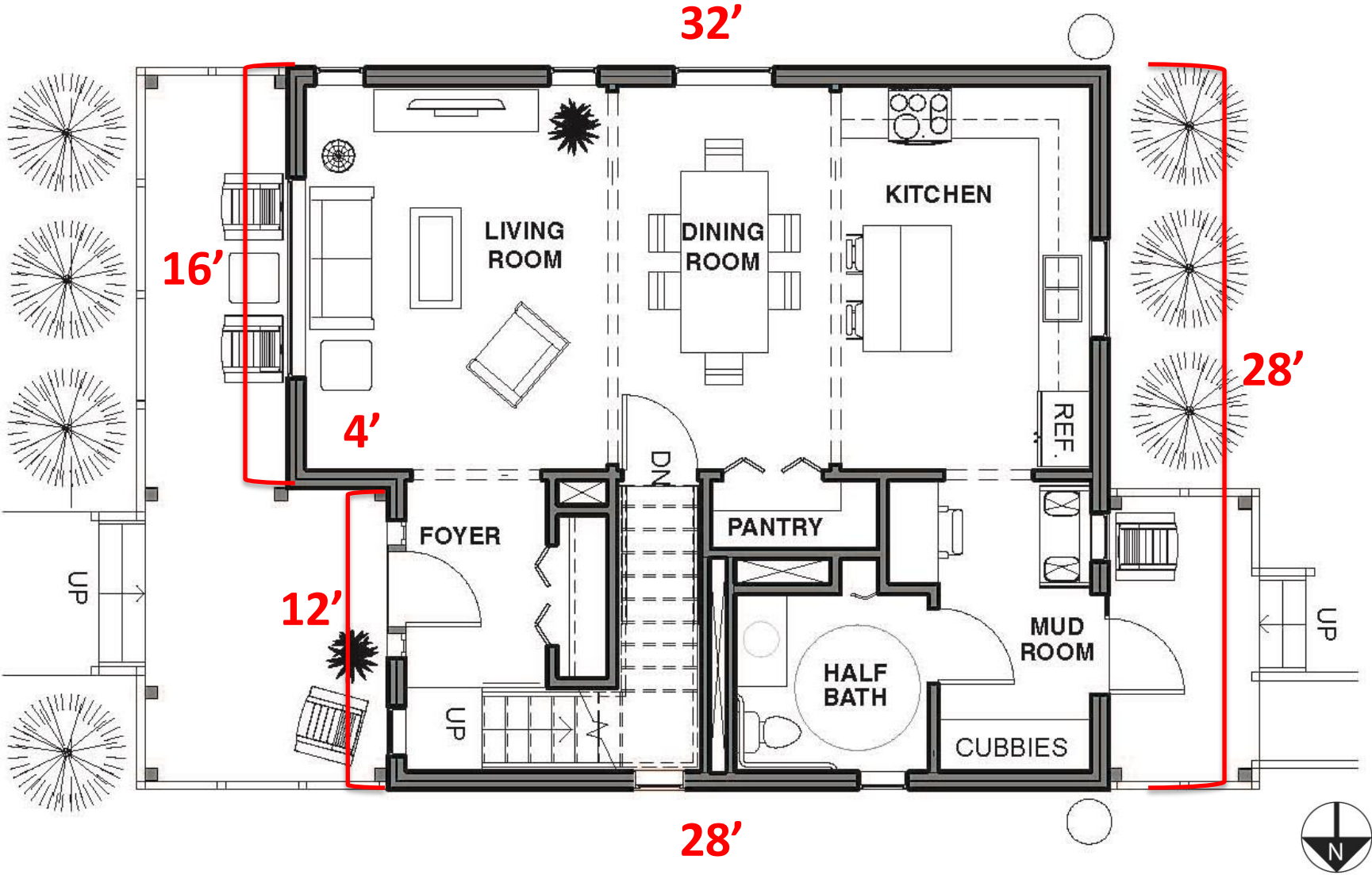
Second Floor Plan



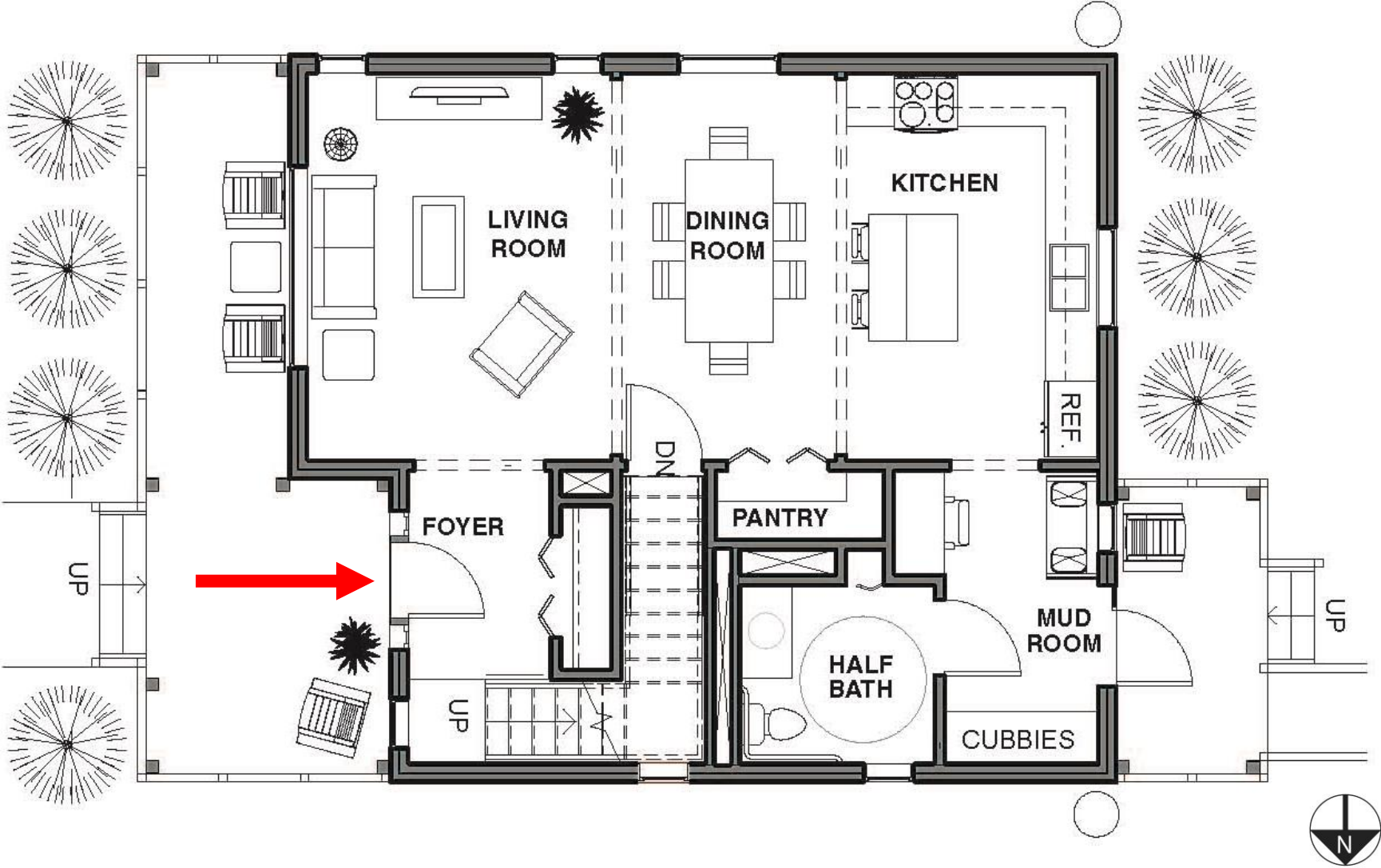
First Floor Plan

Space Use Diagram

ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



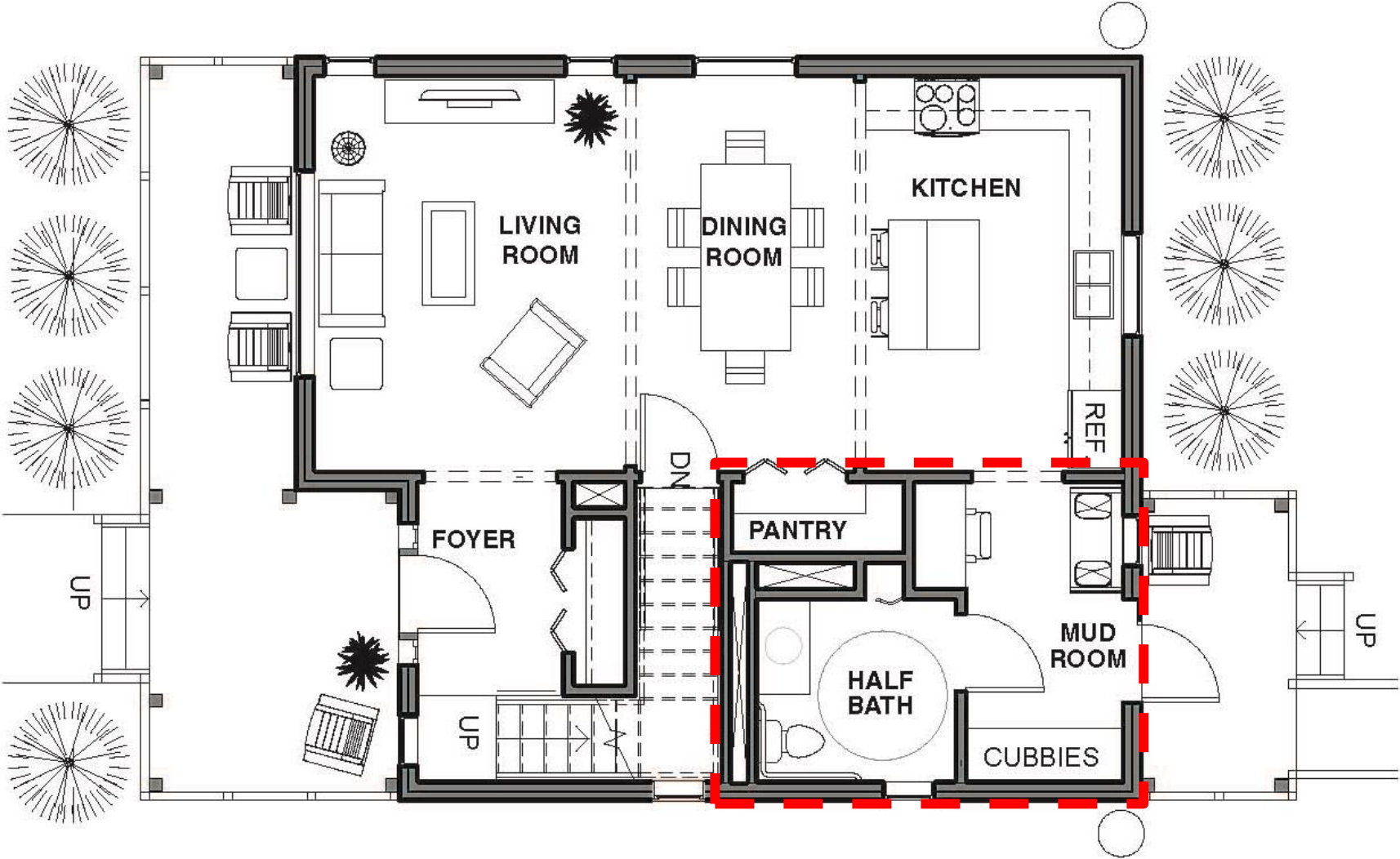
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



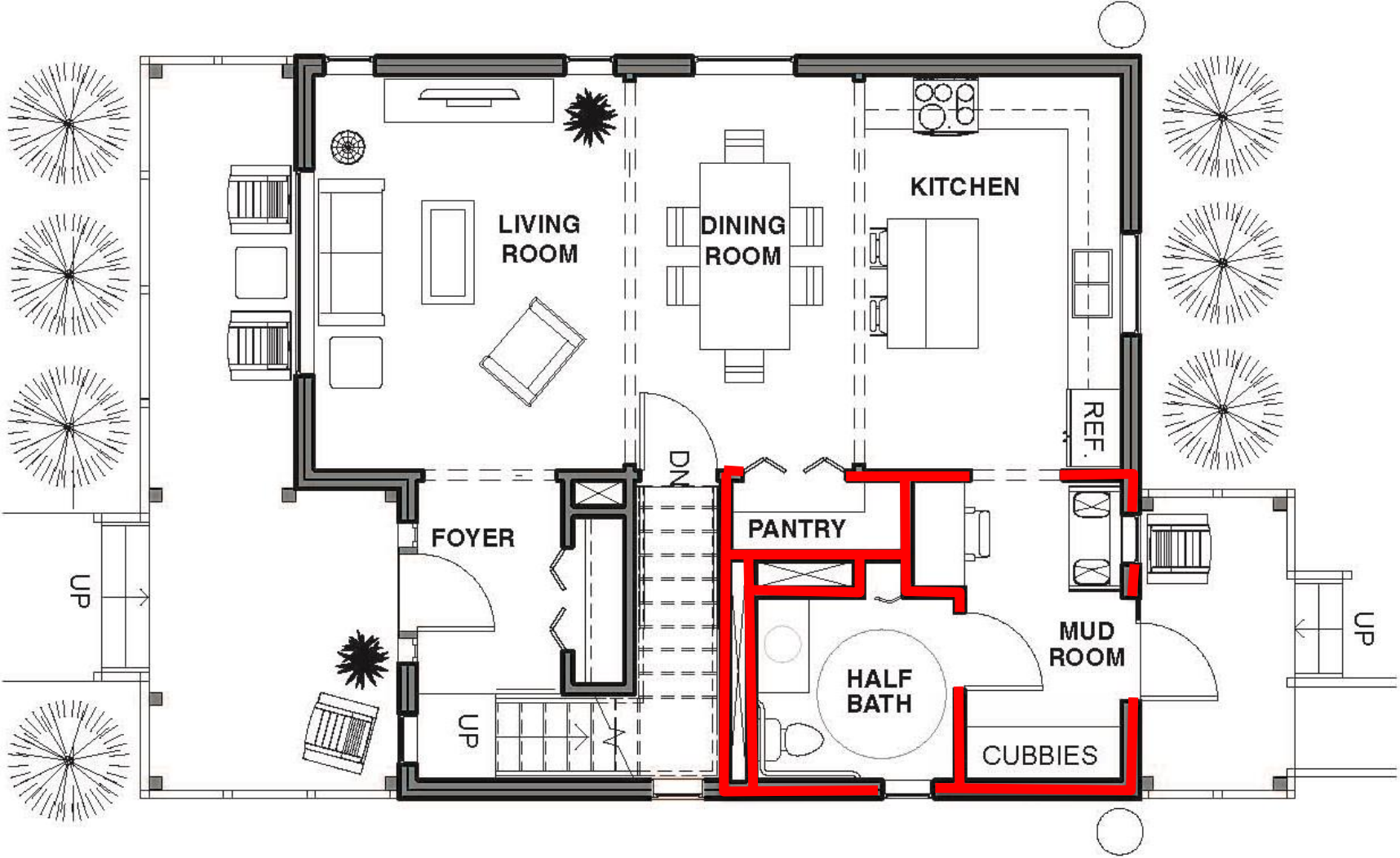
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Perspective from Kitchen



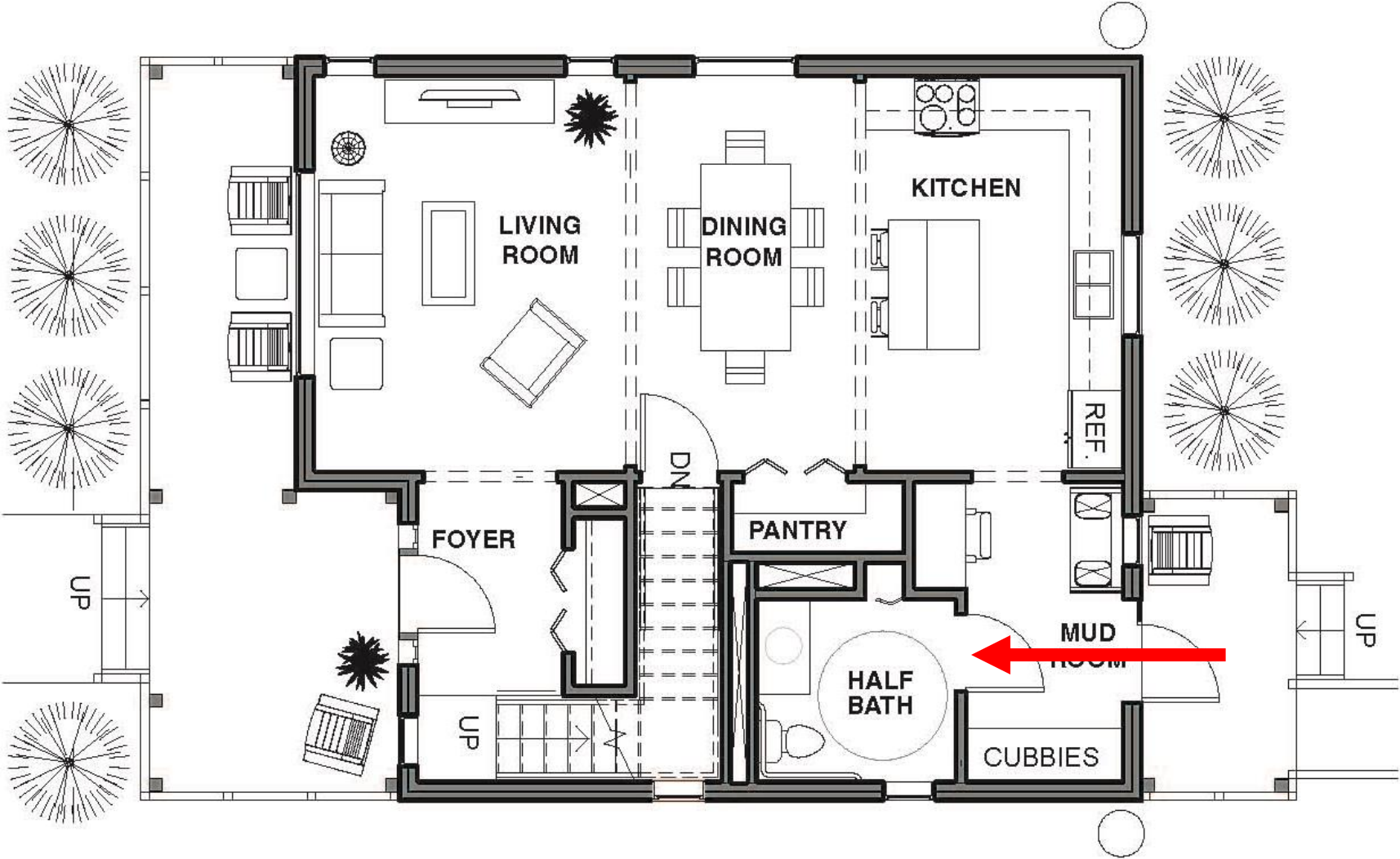
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



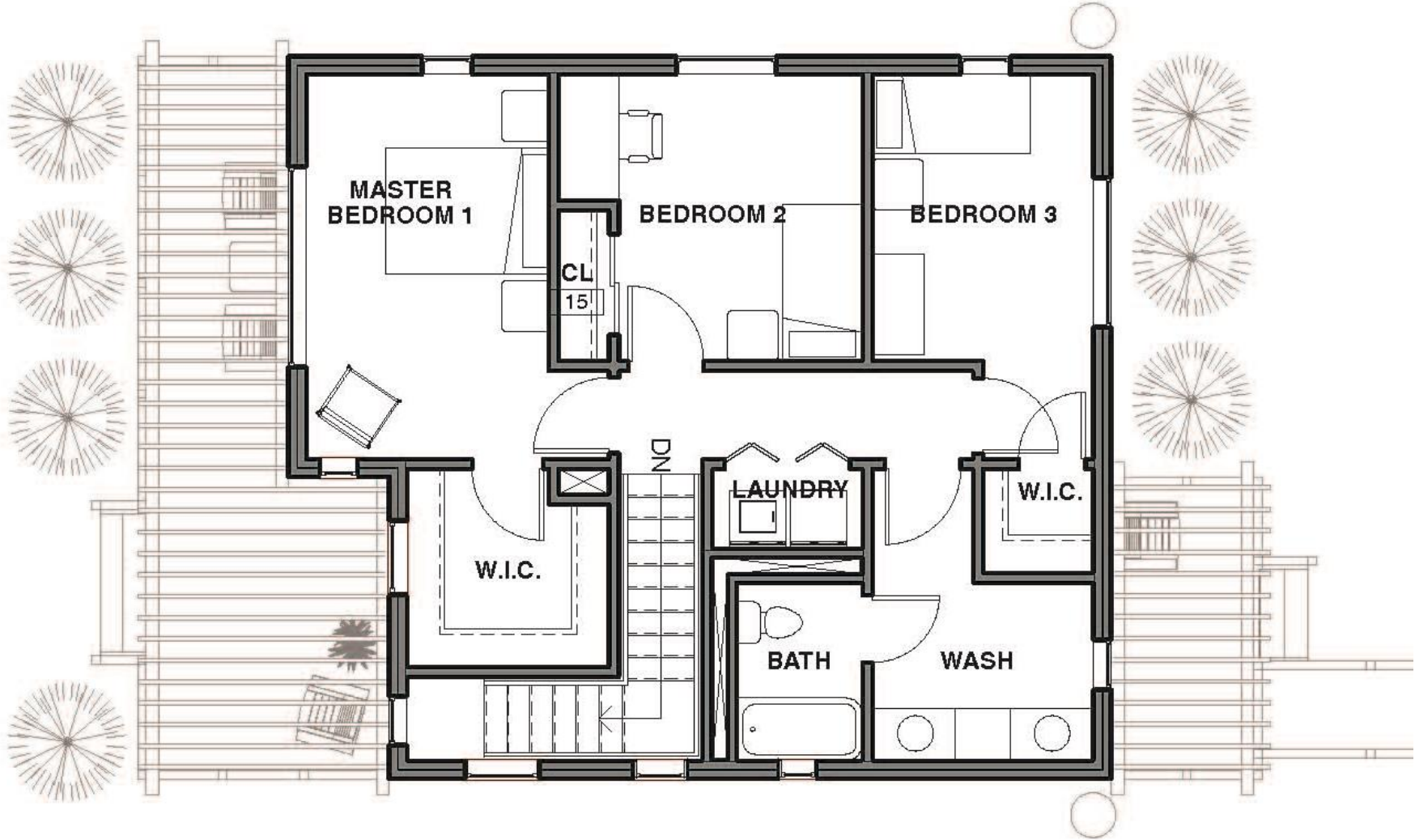
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



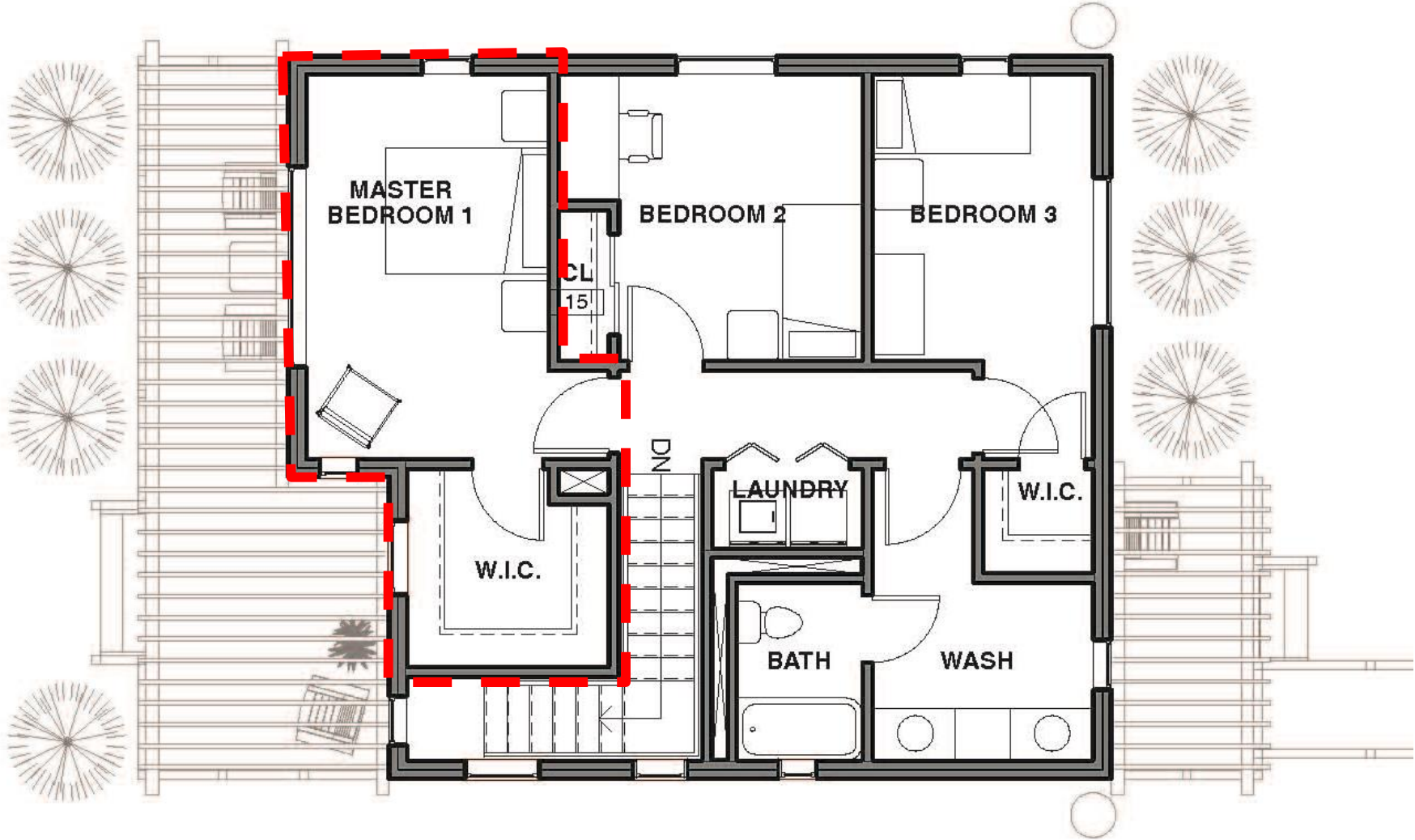
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | First Floor Plan



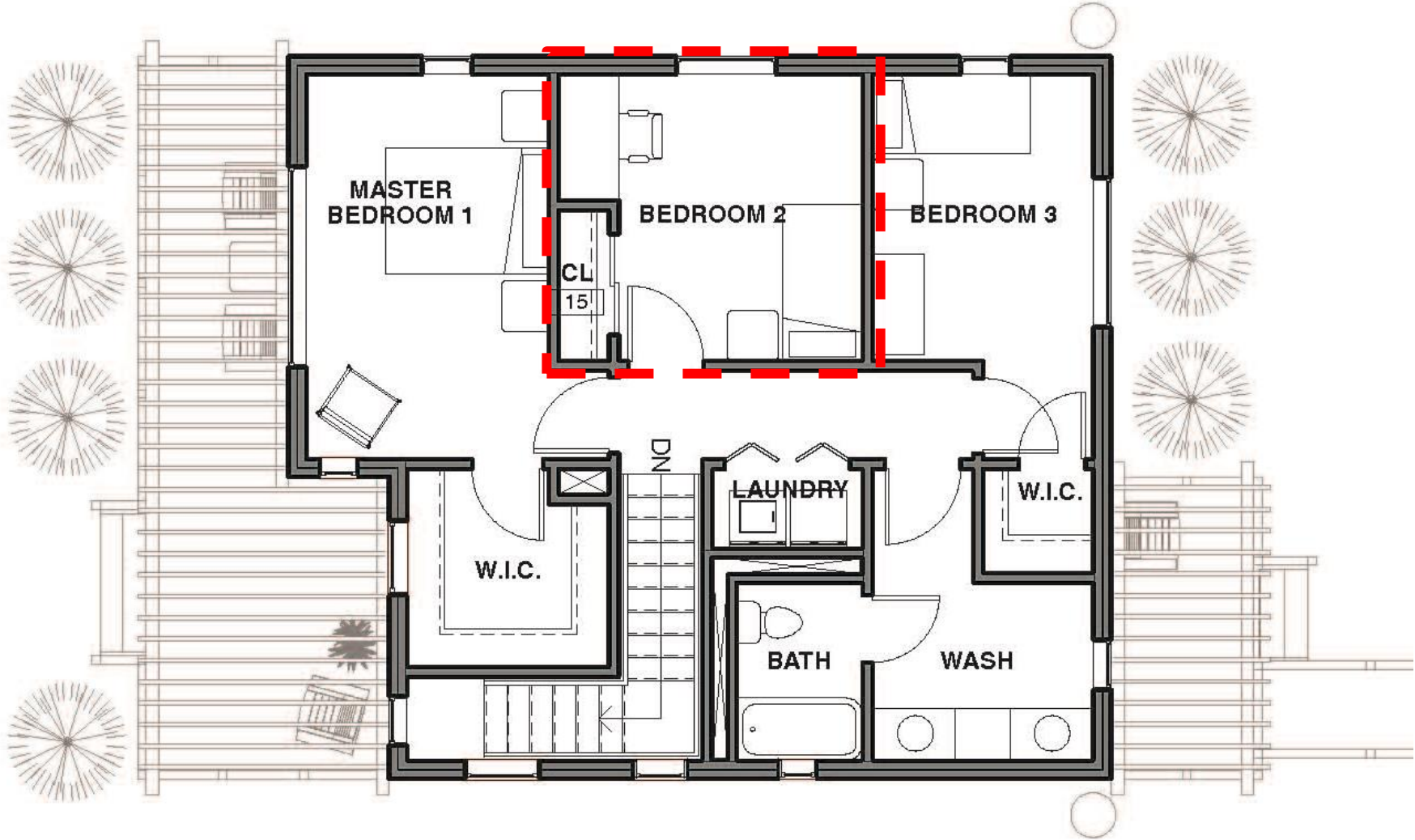
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



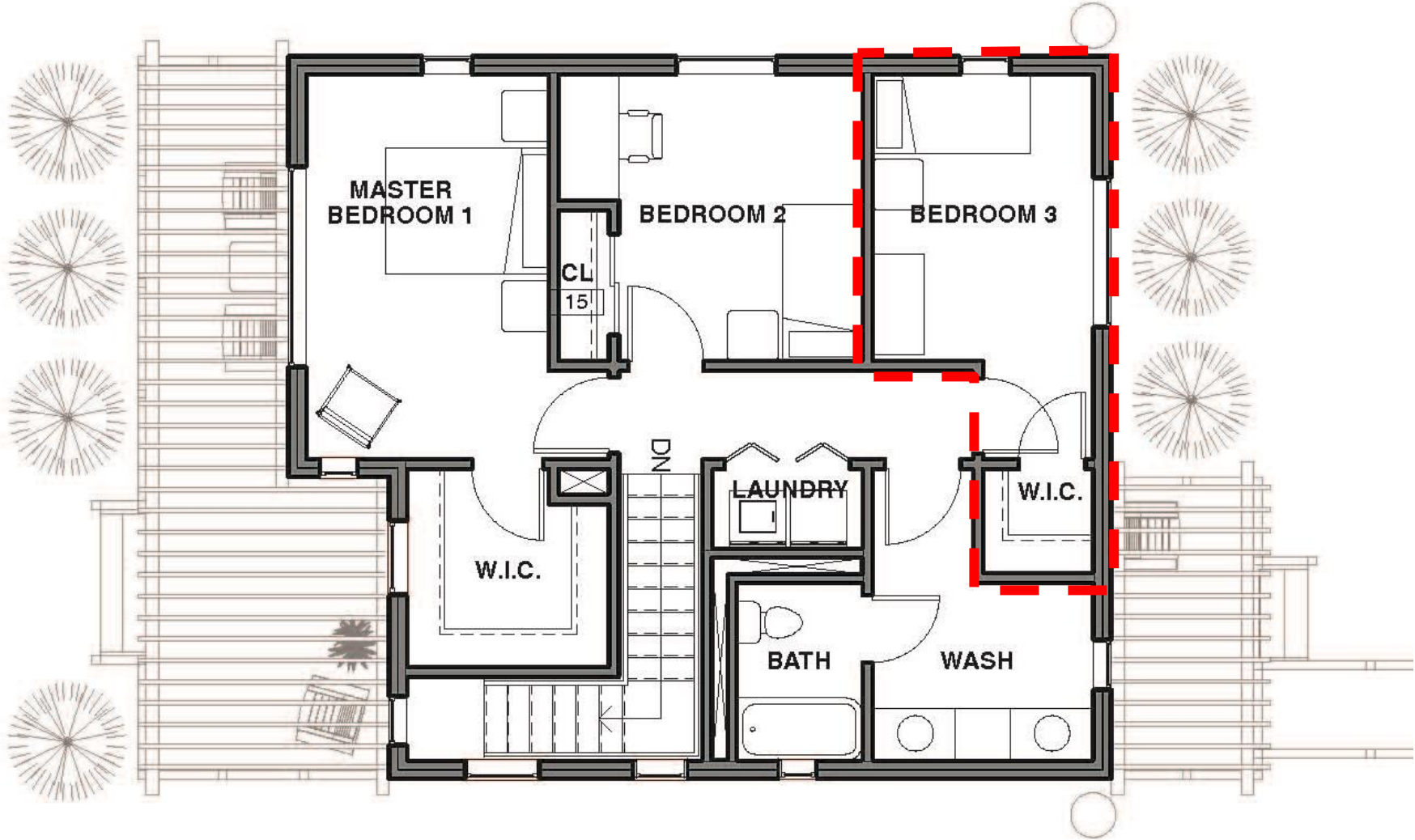
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



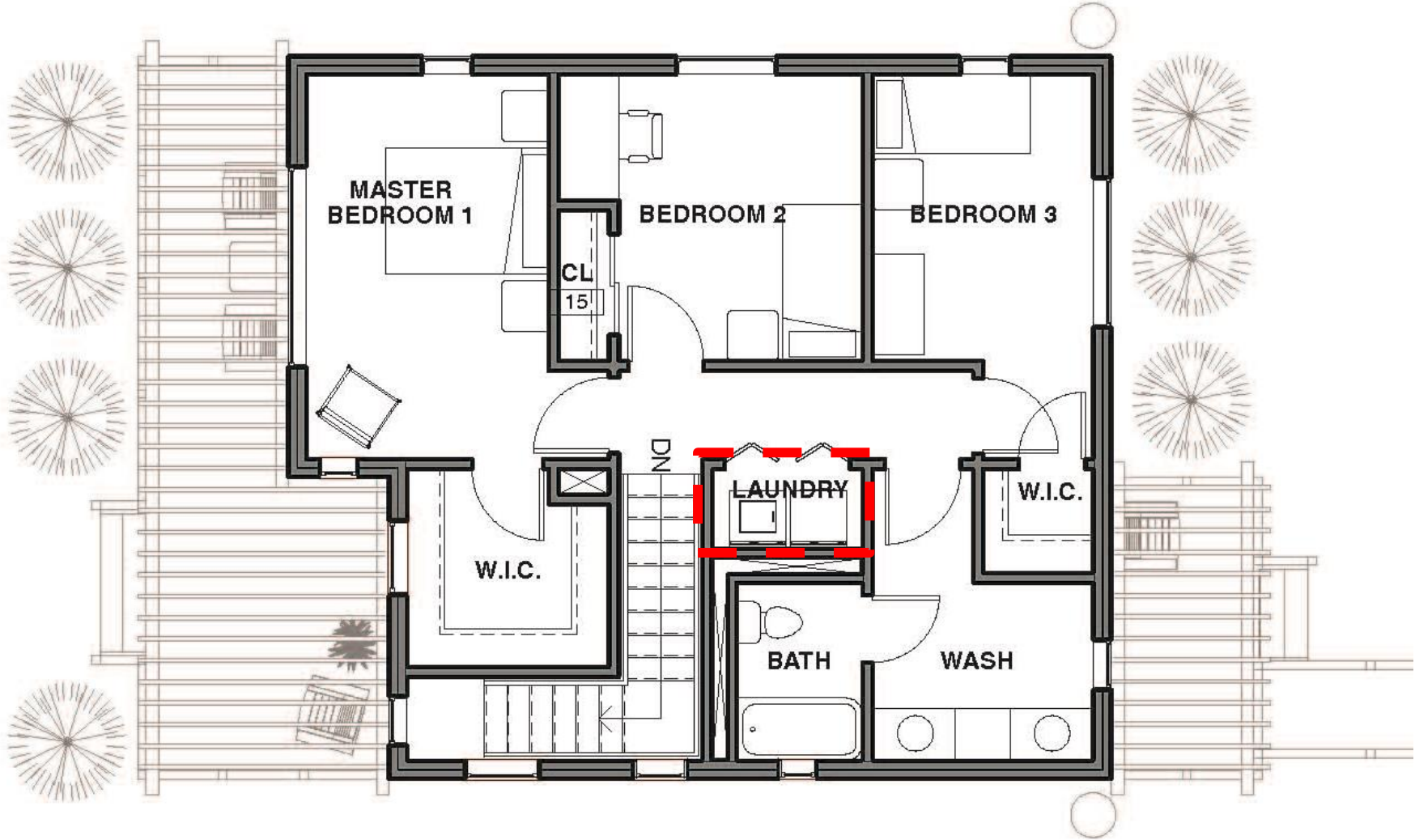
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



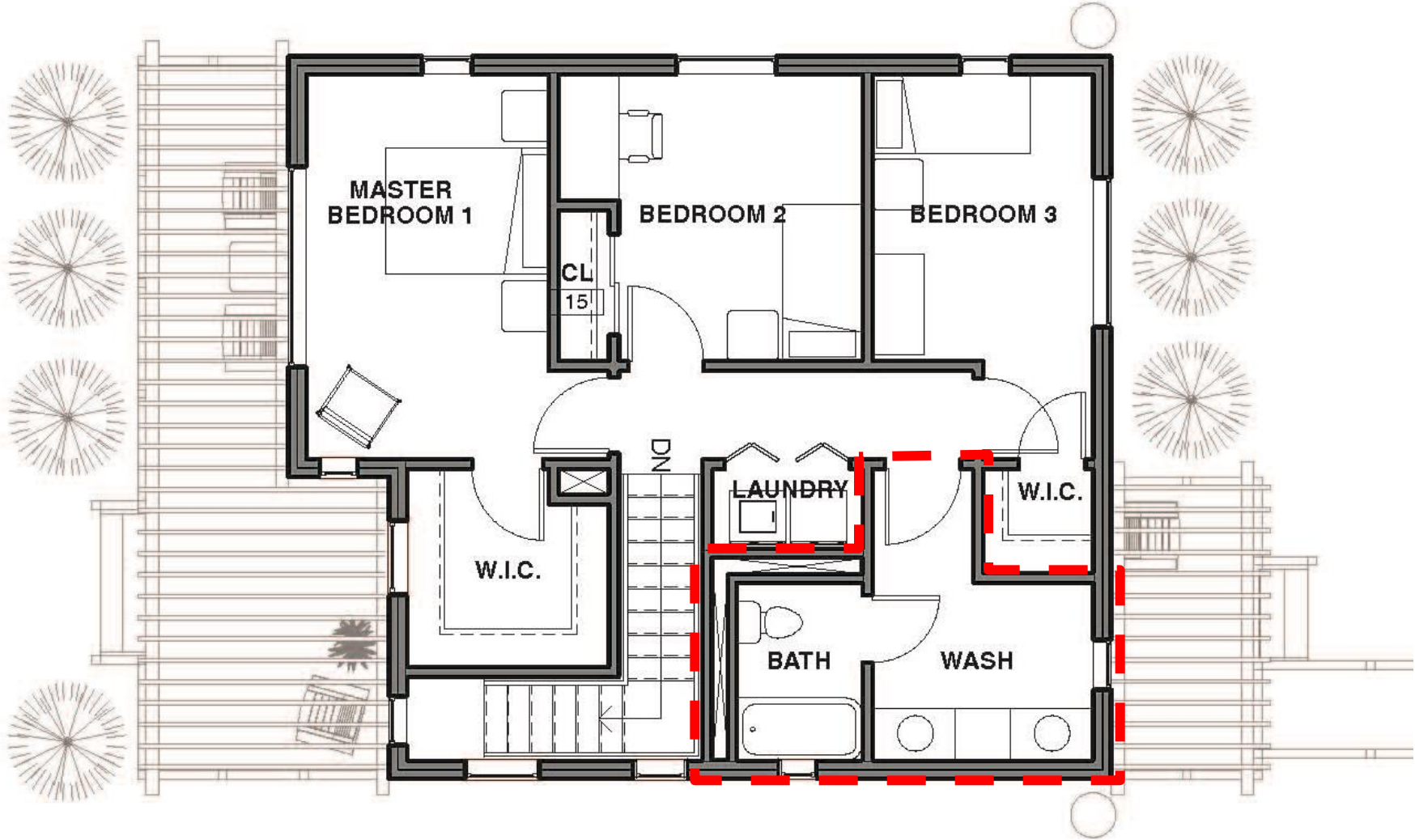
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



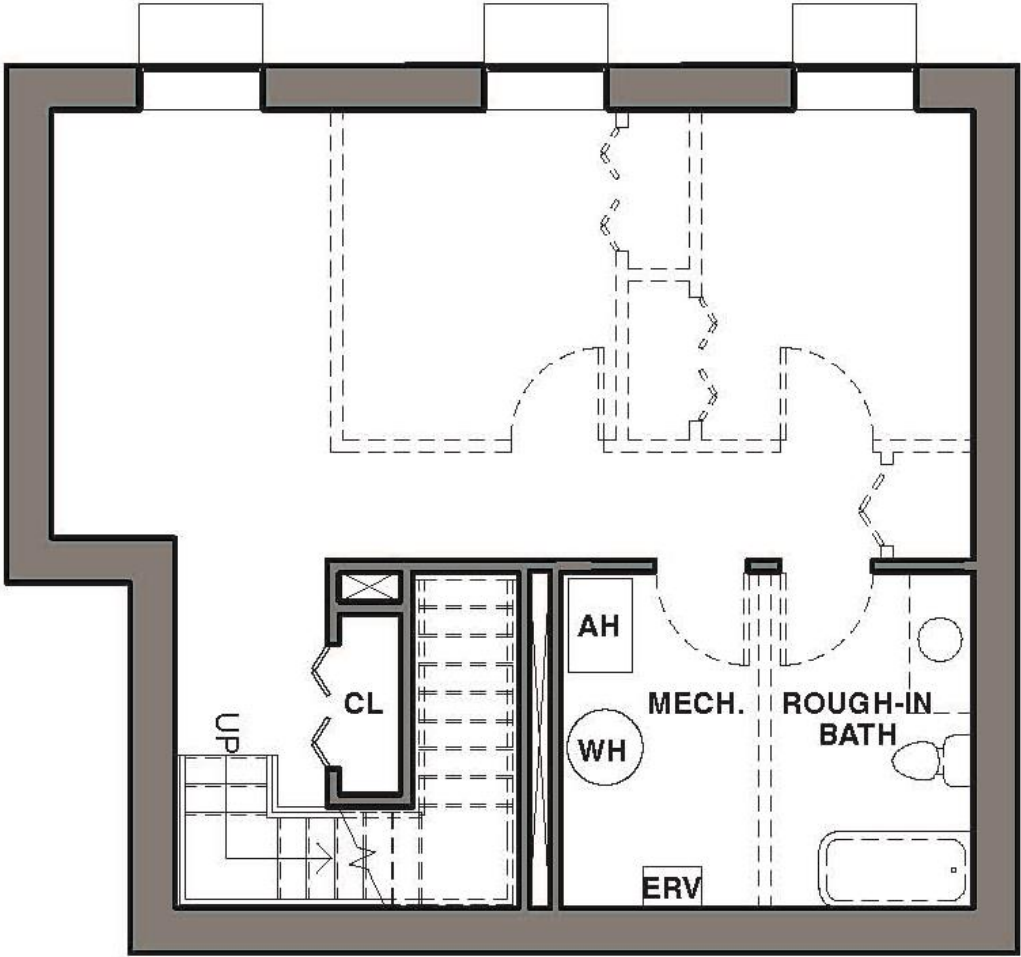
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



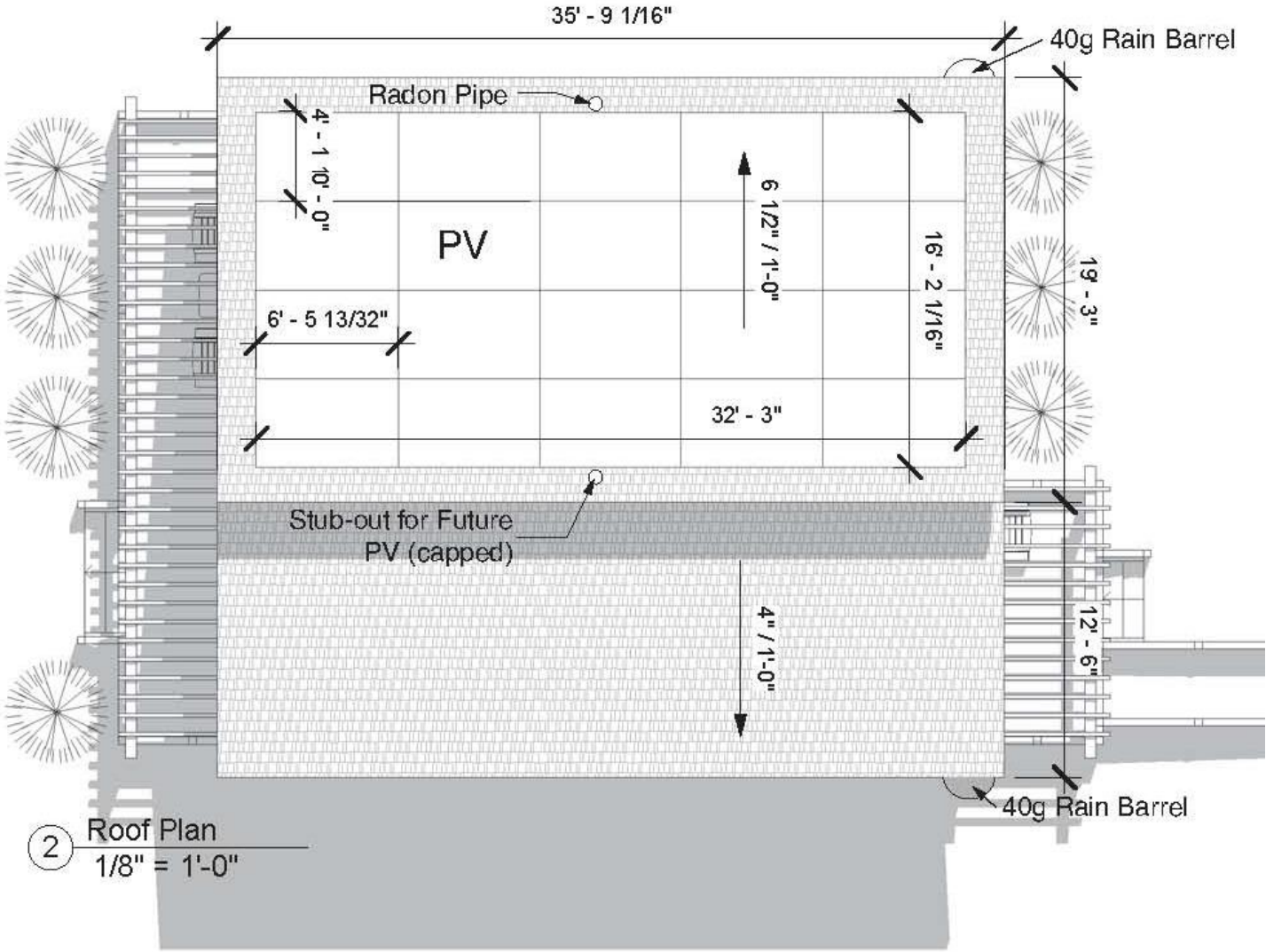
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Second Floor Plan



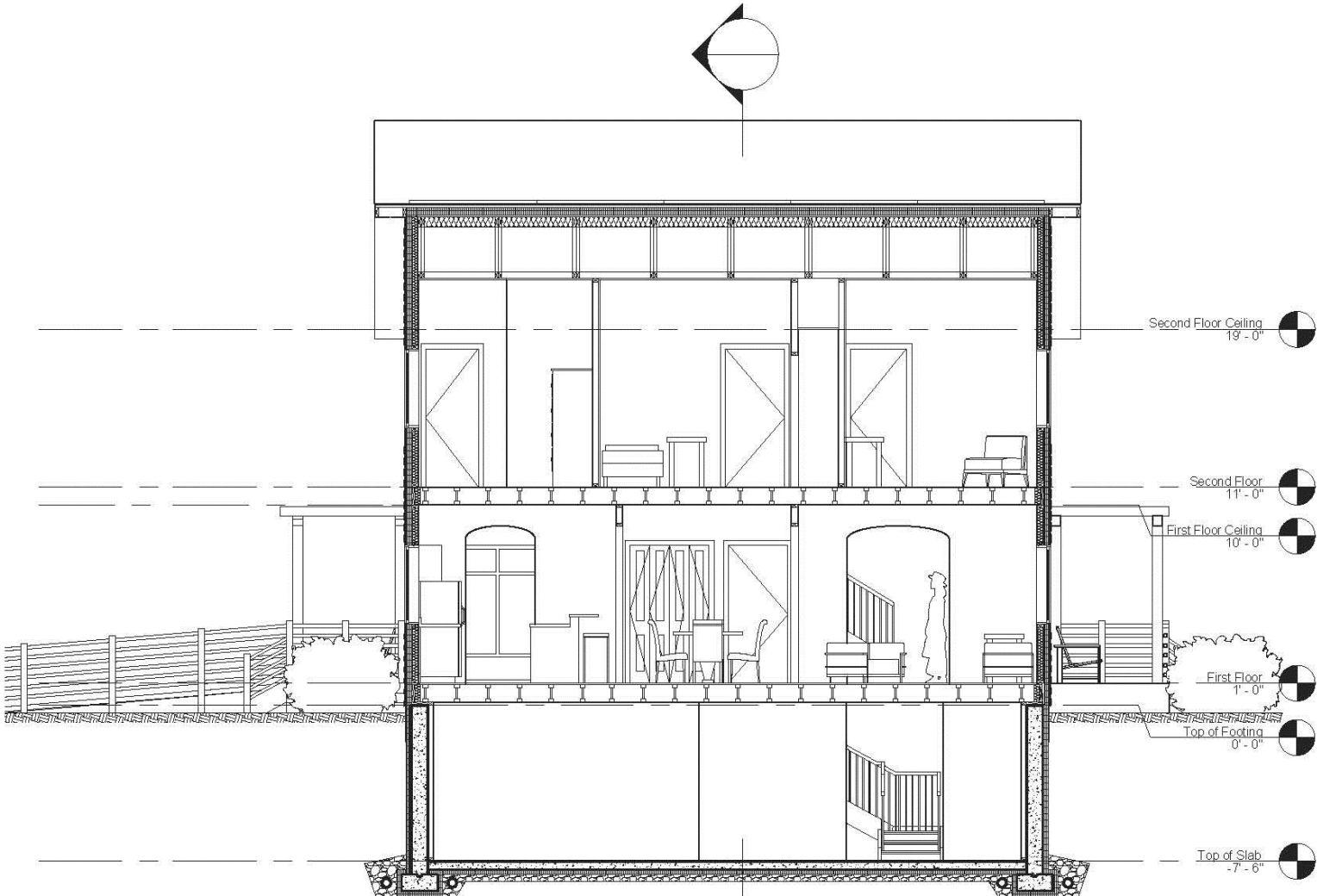
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Lower Level Plan



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Roof Plan



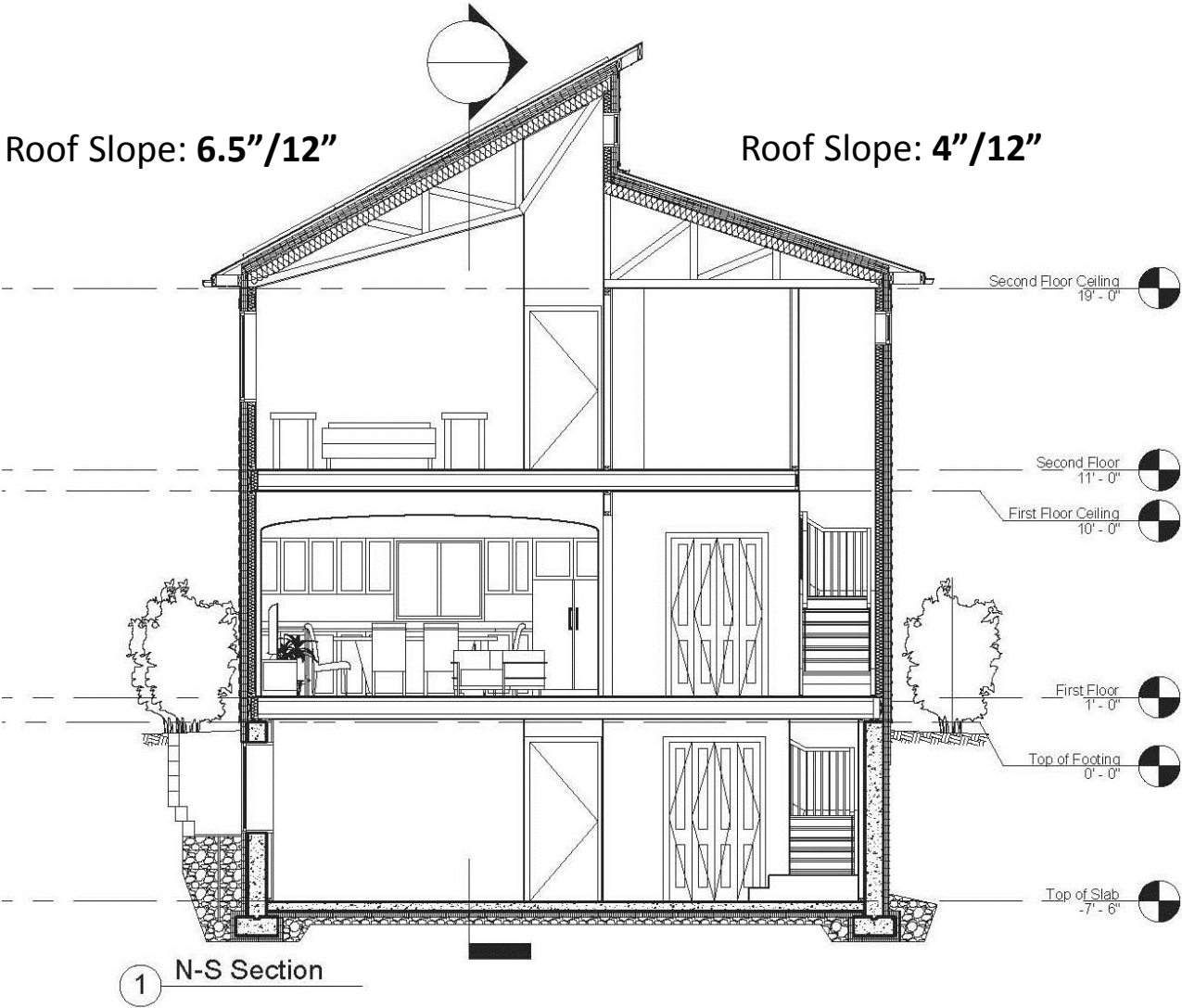
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | East – West Section



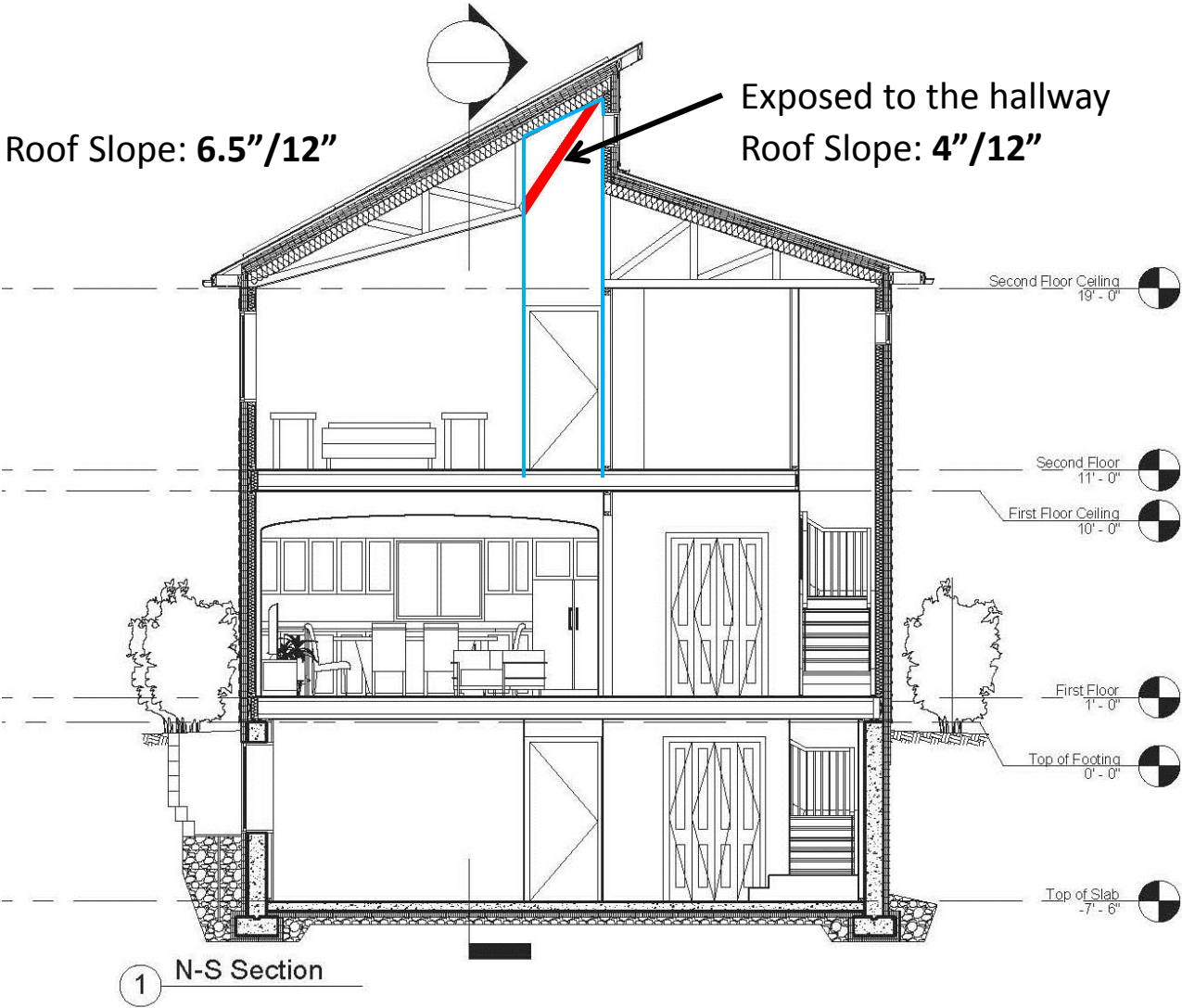
2 E-W Section



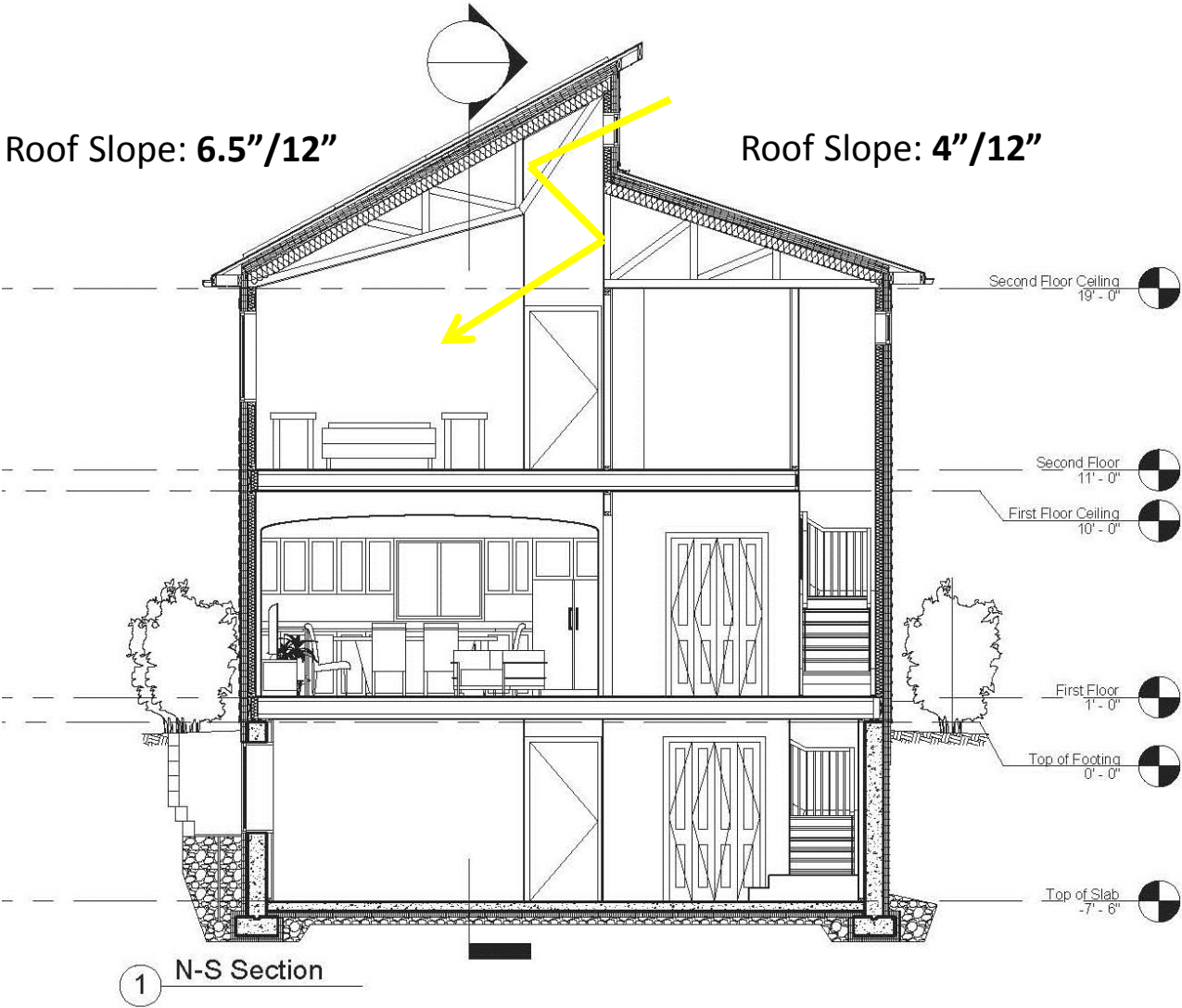
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | North – South Section



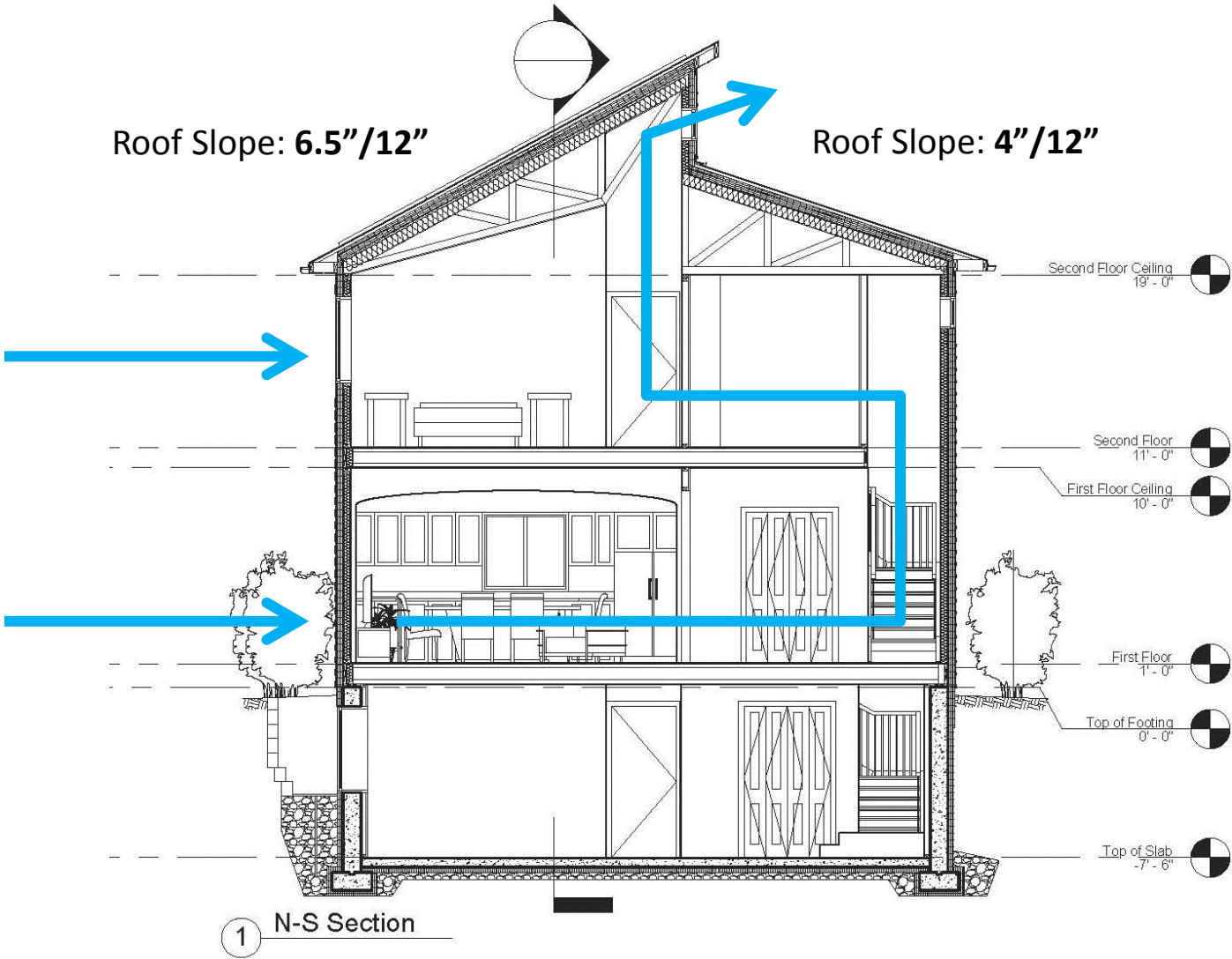
ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Exposed Beam in Hallway



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Clerestory Natural Daylight



ARCHITECTURAL GOALS | Clerestory Natural Ventilation



H

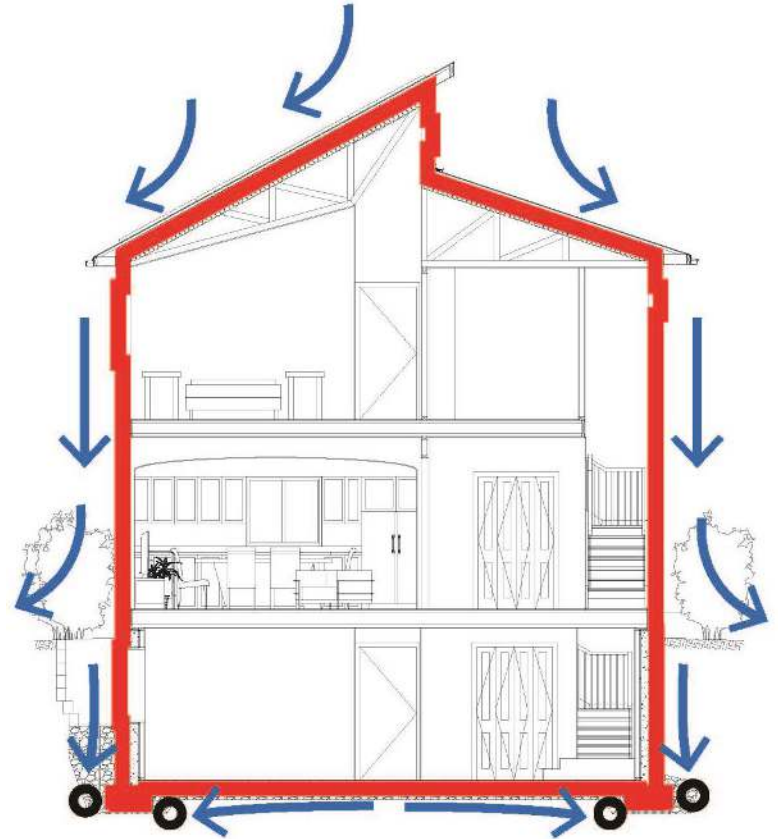
eat Management

A

ir Management

M

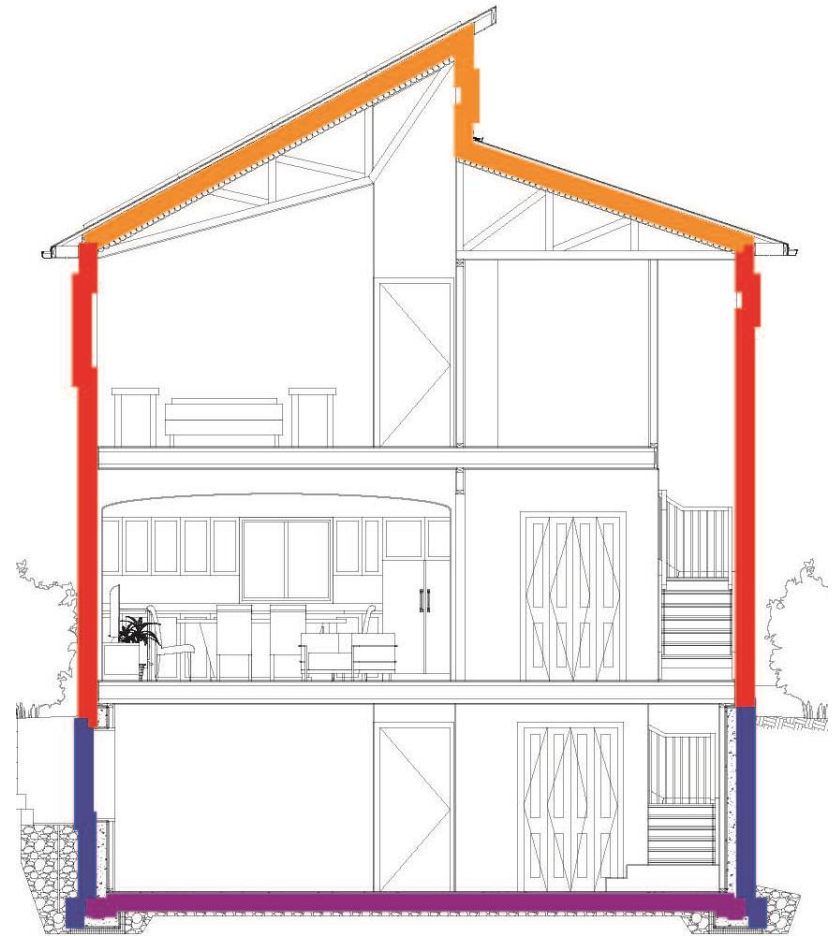
oisture Management



ENVELOPE | Control Layers

Detailed attention to maintain critical **control layers** for all enclosure components

- Continuous **air** and **water** management system
 - **Orange:** W.R. Grace Perm-a-Barrier
 - **Red:** Huber ZIP sheathing system
 - **Blue:** Foundation waterproofing
 - **Purple:** Cross-laminated polyethylene membrane
- Optimal **thermal** insulation with minimal thermal bridging
- Deliberate **vapor** control strategy to limit wetting and enhance drying



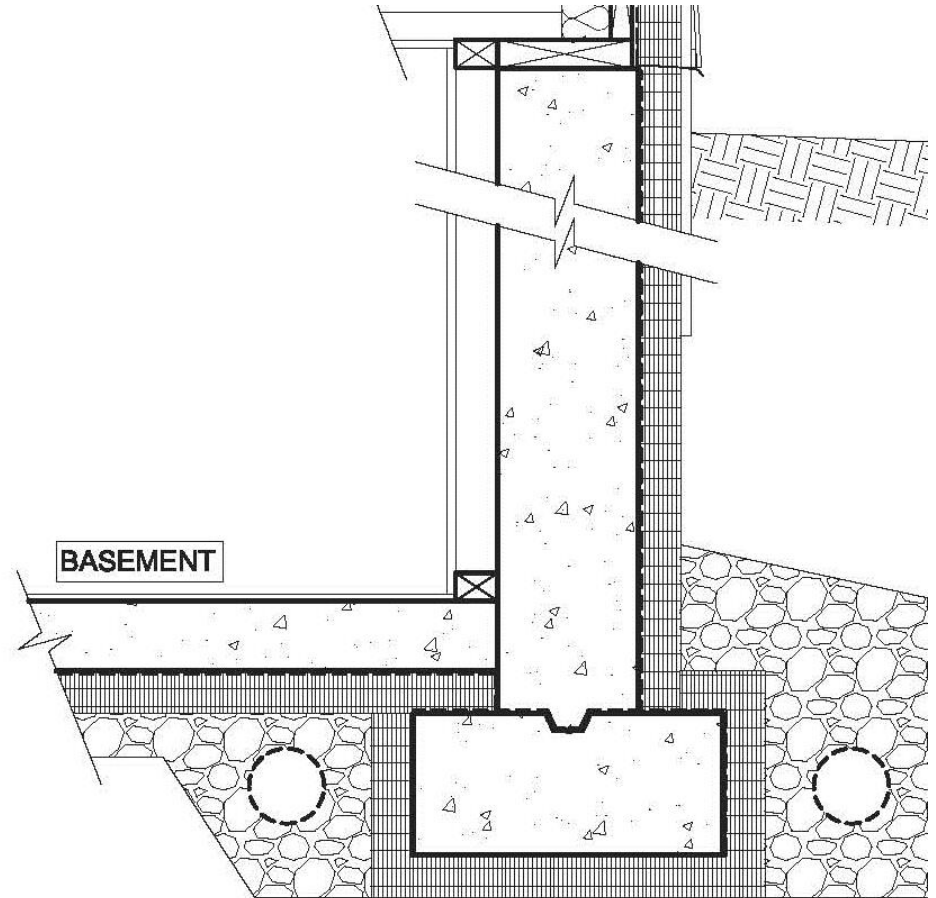
Integrity of Control Layers

Thermal Control

- Slab Insulation
 - R-10
- Footing Insulation
 - R-10
- Foundation Wall Insulation
 - R-15

Moisture Control

- Capillary breaks
- Waterproof membrane
- Gravel bed and drain pipe
- Sealed sump basket

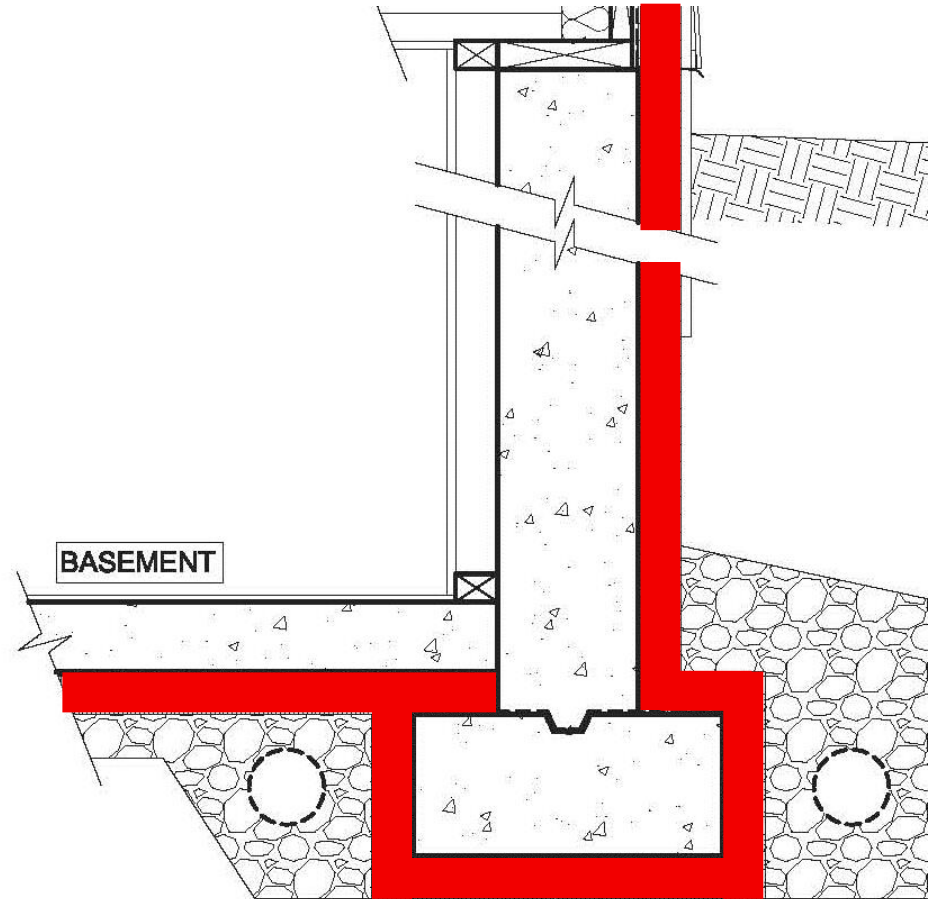


Thermal Control

- **Slab Insulation**
 - R-10
- **Footing Insulation**
 - R-10
- **Foundation Wall Insulation**
 - R-15

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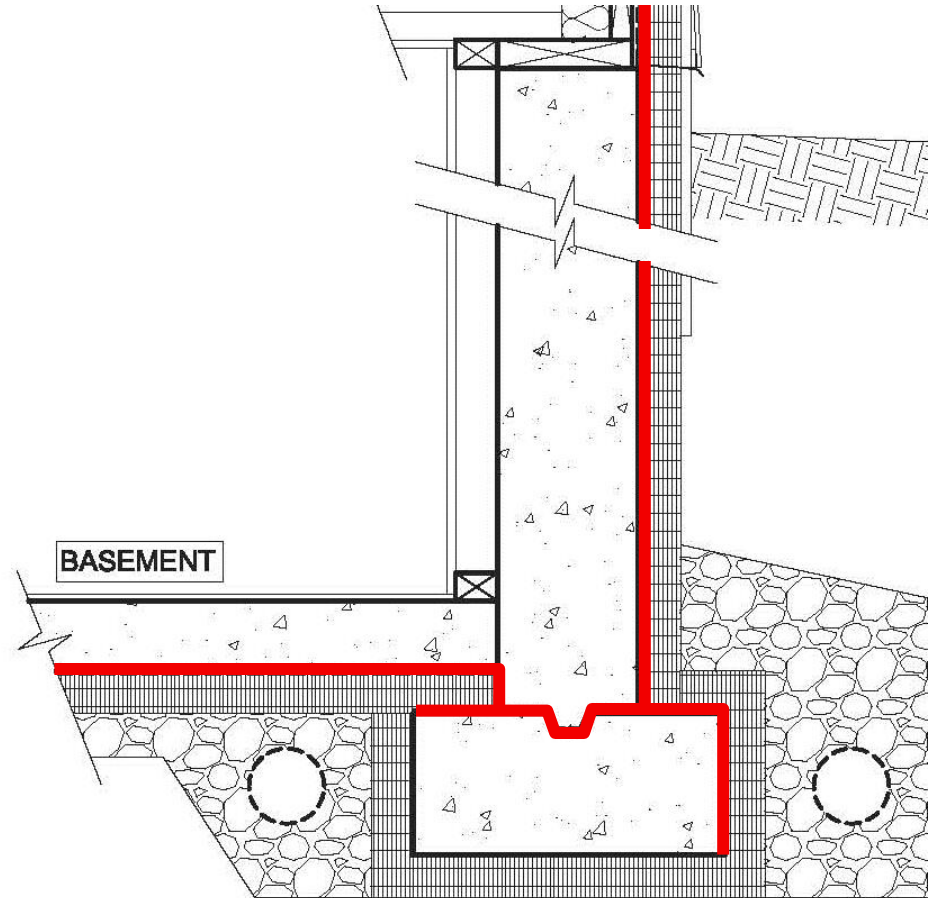


Thermal Control

- **Slab Insulation**
 - R-10
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- **Foundation Wall Insulation**
 - R-15

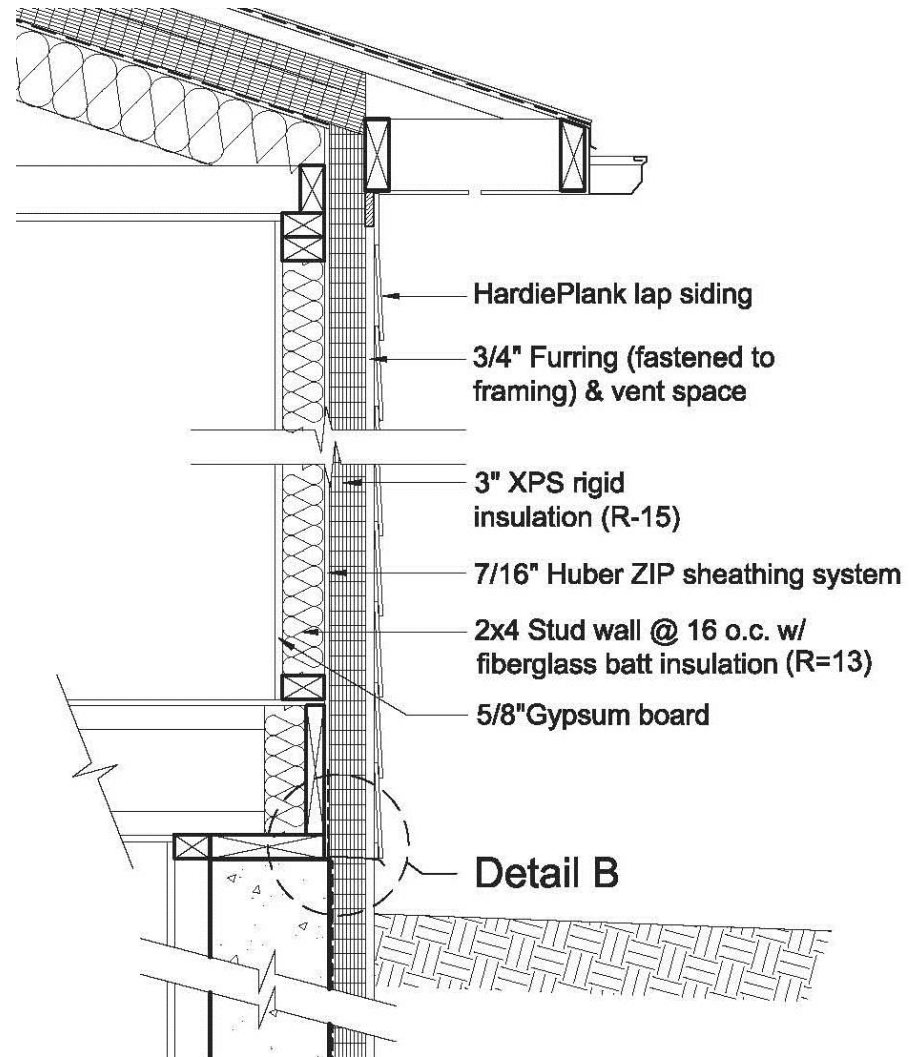
Moisture Control

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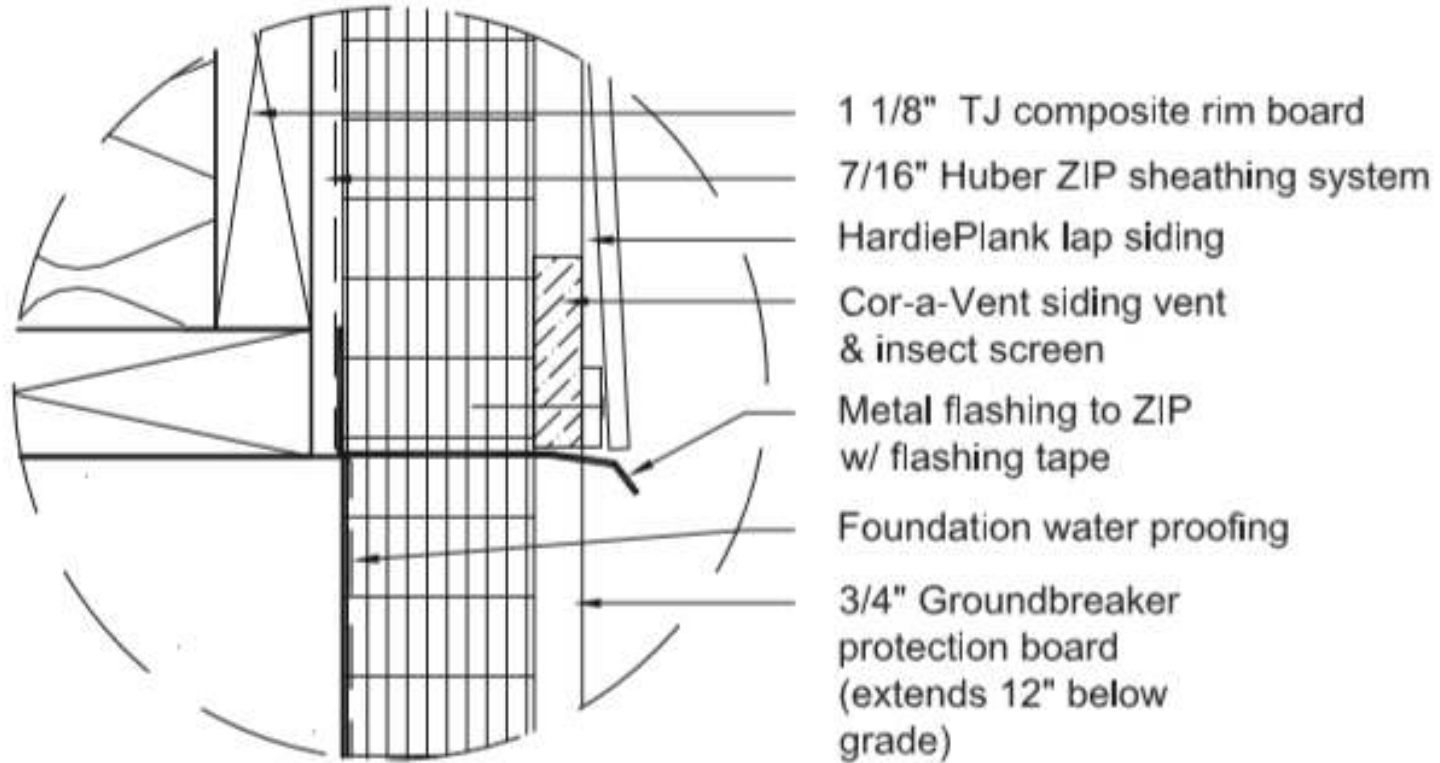


OptiMN Wall

- Hybrid Wall Insulation
 - R-32
 - 50/50 ratio
- Rim Joist
 - R-32
- Zip Panel & Tape
 - Moisture control
 - Air barrier



ENVELOPE | Detail B Flashing



DETAIL B: Flashing Detail | Scale 3" = 1'-0"

Modified Glaser Method for January: Confirms Limited Condensation Potential

January Wall									
Layer	R Value	M(Perm)	$R_{v,i}$	T (°F)	P_{sat} (psi)	P_w (PSI)	RH%	Delta T	Delta P Drop
	<i>Indoor</i>			68.0	0.33927	0.10178	30.00		
Interior Air Film	0.68	160	0.0063					1.09925	0.00028
				66.9	0.32777	0.10150	30.97		
Gypsum	0.45	35.2	0.0284					0.72744	0.00127
				66.2	0.31662	0.10024	31.66		
R-13 Fiberglass	13	33.71	0.0297					21.01504	0.00132
				45.2	0.14755	0.09891	67.04		
Zip Panel	0.62	18.67	0.0536					1.00226	0.00239
				44.2	0.14205	0.09652	67.95		
3" XPS	15	0.8	1.2500					24.24812	0.05574
				19.9	0.05049	0.04078	80.79		
Air Space	1	240	0.0042					1.61654	0.00019
				18.3	0.04584	0.04060	88.57		
Hardie Board	1	4.27	0.2342					1.61654	0.01044
				16.7	0.04213	0.03016	71.57		
Exterior Air Film	0.17	1000	0.0010					0.27481	0.00004
	<i>Exterior</i>			16.4	0.04241	0.03011	71.00		

ENVELOPE | Summer Hygrothermal Performance

Modified Glaser Method for July: Confirms Limited Condensation Potential

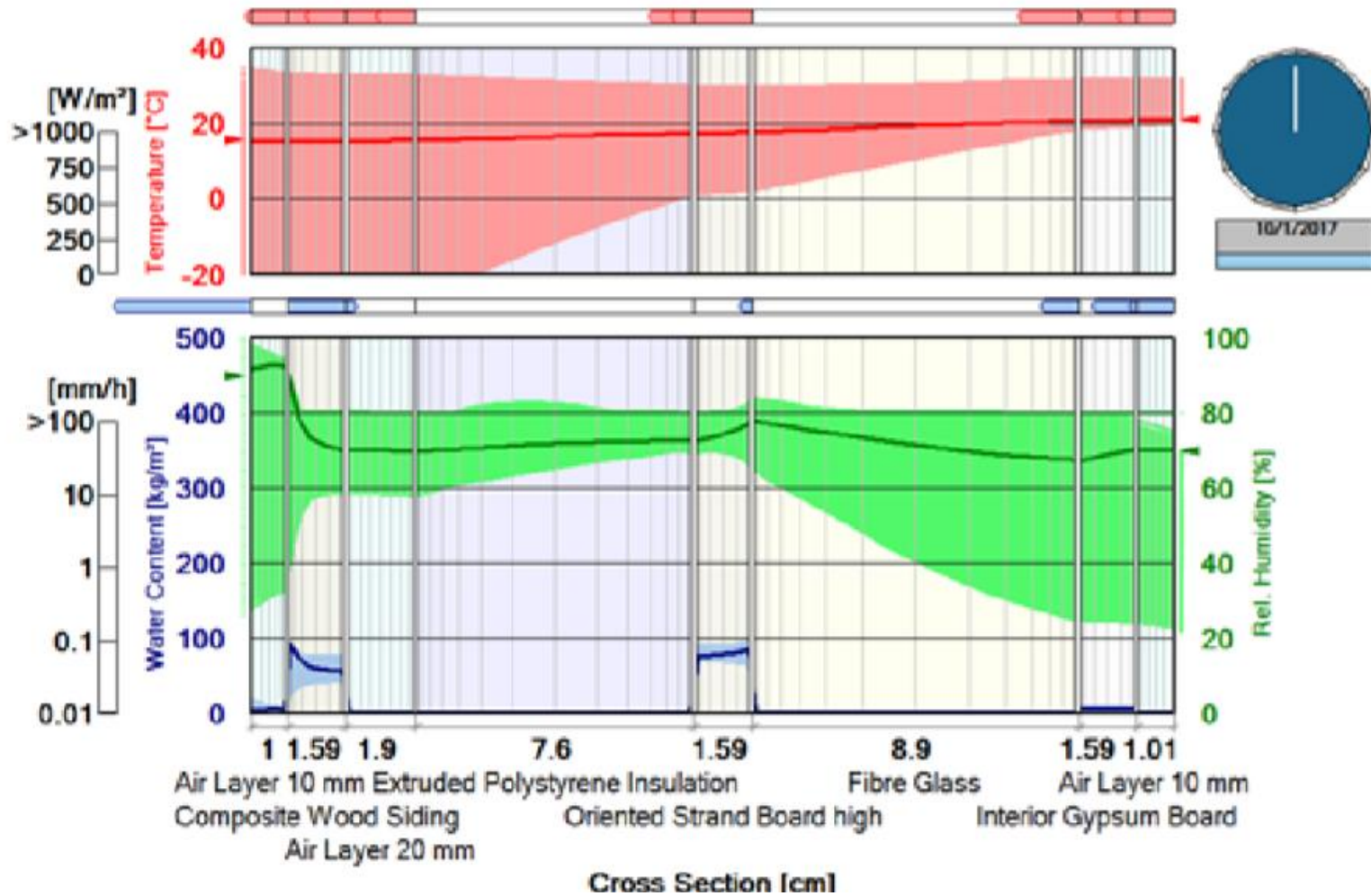
July Wall										
Layer	R Value	M(Perm)	$R_{v,i}$	T (°F)	P_{sat} (psi)	P_w (PSI)	RH%	Delta T	Delta P Drop	
	<i>Indoor</i>			75.0	0.43015	0.21508	50.00			
Interior Air Film	0.68	160	0.0063					0.03409	-0.00021	
				75.0	0.43015	0.21528	50.05			
Gypsum	0.45	35.2	0.0284					0.02256	-0.00095	
				74.9	0.42873	0.21623	50.44			
R-13 Fiberglass	13	33.71	0.0297					0.65163	-0.00099	
				74.3	0.42024	0.21723	51.69			
Zip Panel	0.62	18.67	0.0536					0.03108	-0.00179	
				74.3	0.42024	0.21902	52.12			
3" XPS	15	0.8	1.2500					0.75188	-0.04181	
				73.5	0.40895	0.26083	63.78			
Air Space	1	240	0.0042					0.05013	-0.00014	
				73.5	0.40895	0.26096	63.81			
Hardie Board	1	4.27	0.2342					0.05013	-0.00783	
				73.4	0.40734	0.26880	65.99			
Exterior Air Film	0.17	1000	0.0010					0.00852	-0.00003	
	<i>Exterior</i>			73.4	0.40732	0.26883	66.00			



ENVELOPE | WUFI Analysis

Location: Minneapolis, MN; cold year;

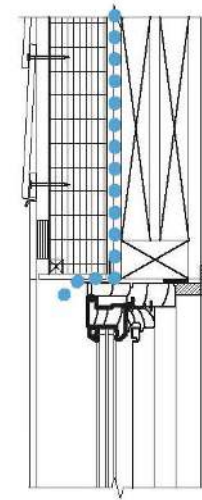
WUFI®



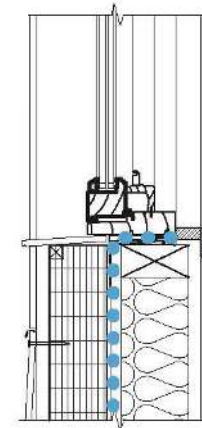
Window Details Matter

- Selected an affordable, high-performance, double-pane, low-e window (SilverLine)
 - $U = 0.27$
 - $SHGC = 0.20$
- Installation details are critical
 - Pan flashing before installation
 - Integration to ZIP sheathing air and water control system

OUTSIDE



INSIDE



Drainage Pan

OptiMN Roof

■ Truss Roof System

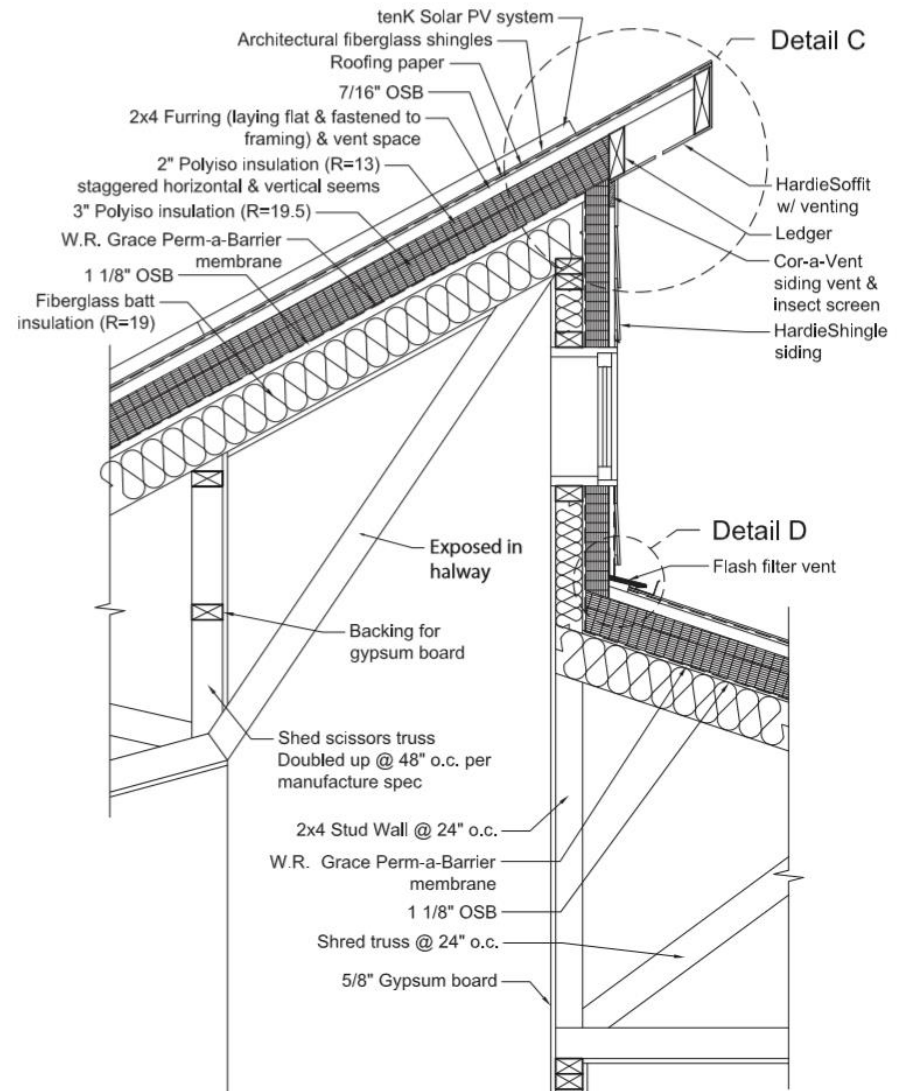
- South = shed scissor truss
- North = shed (or half) truss

■ Hybrid Insulation

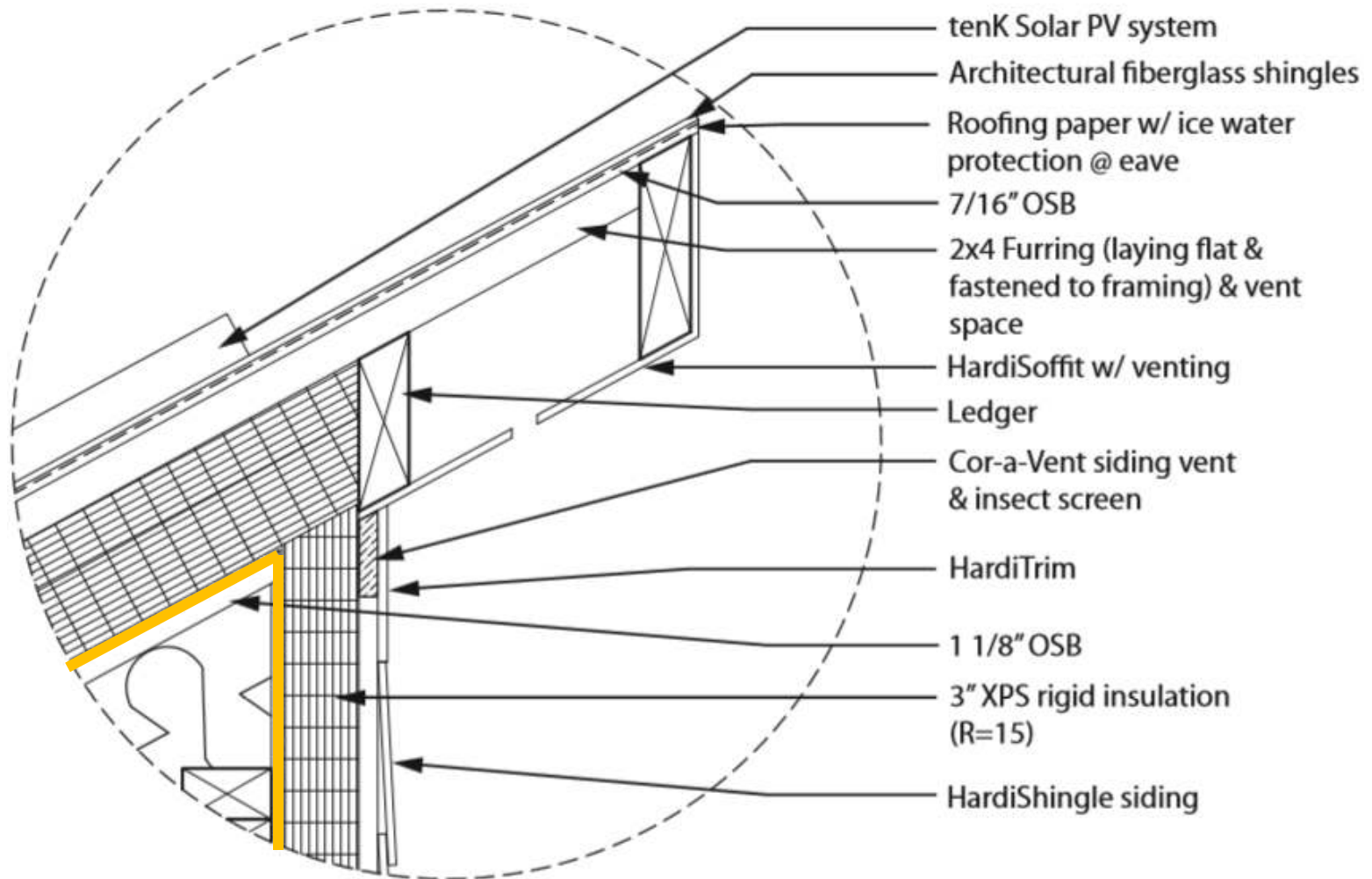
- R-53
- 60/40 ratio

■ Material Selection

- Integrity of water and air management system

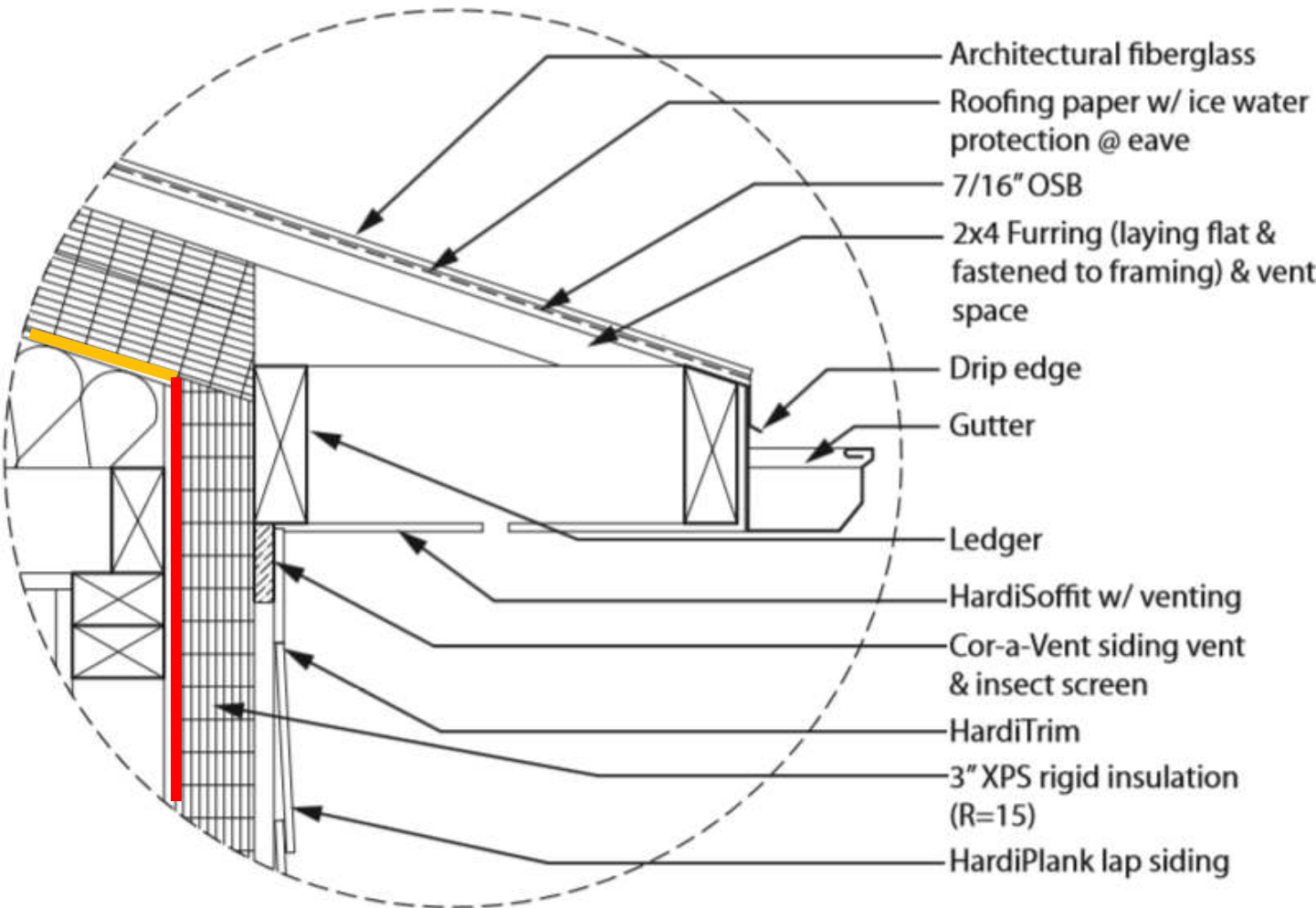


ENVELOPE | Detail C



DETAIL C: Overhang Over Clerestory | Scale 1 1/2" = 1'-0"

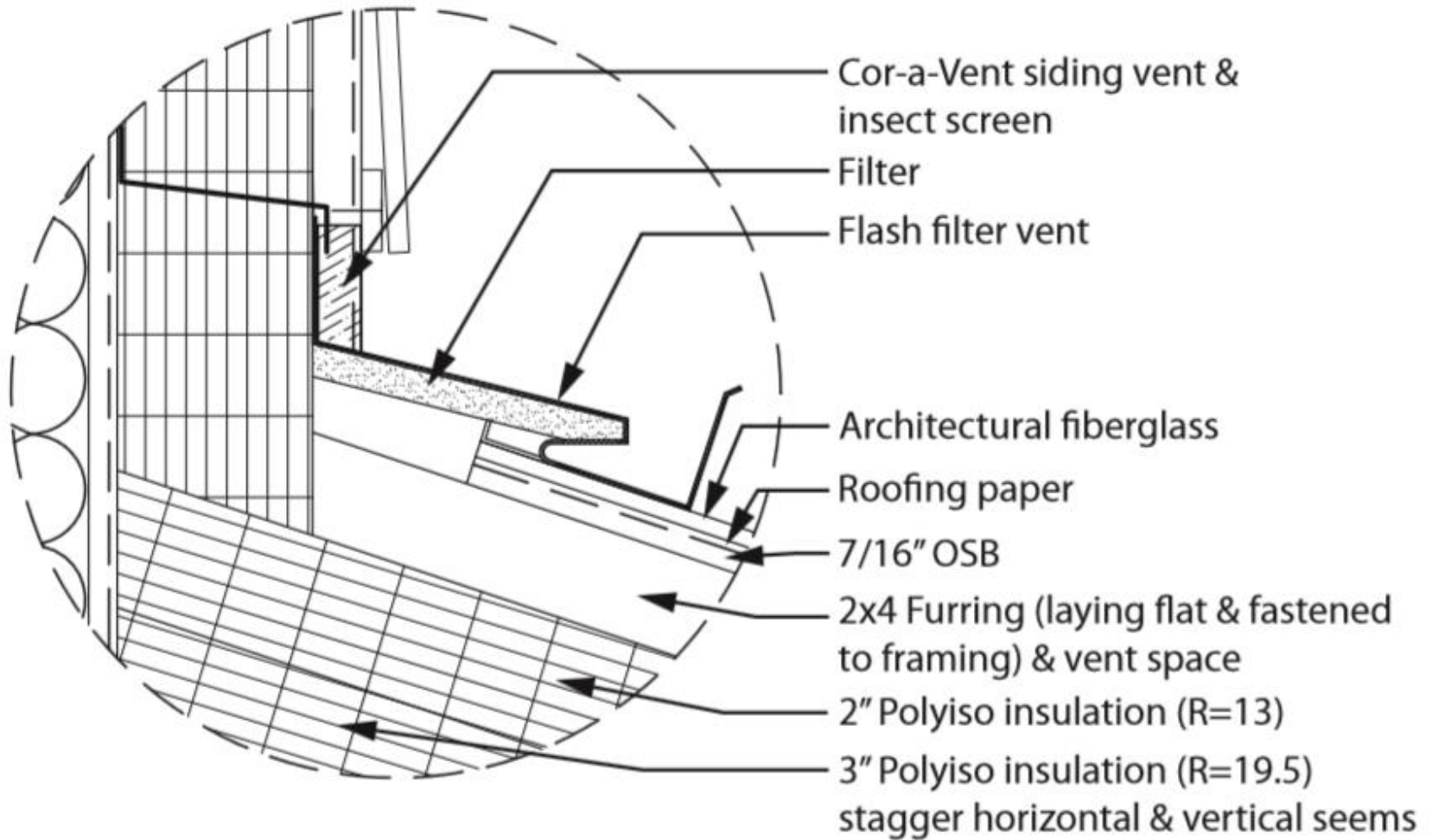
ENVELOPE | Detail A



DETAIL A: North Overhang | Scale 1 1/2" = 1'-0"



ENVELOPE | Detail D



DETAIL D: Clerestory Roof Connection | Scale 3" = 1'-0"



- Comprehensive and integrated approach for indoor air management
- Space conditioning (heating, cooling, dehumidification, filtration, fresh air distribution) system that can provide:
 - high efficiency
 - low cost
 - exceptional comfort
 - healthy air
 - simple operation & maintenance
- Developed with Building America research and resources as a guide



	REMRate	Manual J
Heating Load [Kbtu/hr]	20.2	22.8
Cooling Load [KBtu/hr]	10.3	14.5

Exceptional Annual Energy Cost (before PV)

- Heating = \$282
- Cooling = \$38
- Water Heating = \$97

SYSTEMS | Manual J Summary Report

MANUAL J8 _{AE} • SUMMARY REPORT						
Project				Mfg. Equipment Sensible Heat Ratio	0.75	ACCA Manual D CFM
				Manual Override Entry for Design CFM	500	
Room Name	HEAT LOSS	HTG CFM	HEAT GAIN	CLG CFM		
ML Mud room	1250	31	802	37	37	
ML Bathroom	431	11	155	7	11	
ML Kitchen	1218	30	768	35	35	
ML Dining	946	23	371	17	23	
ML Family Room	2067	51	1525	70	70	
ML Entrance & Stairwell	2339	58	1470	68	68	
UL Bathroom	996	25	516	24	25	
UL M Bedroom & Hallway	3095	77	2255	104	104	
UL Bed #2	845	21	648	30	30	
UL Bed #3	1619	40	1367	63	63	
LL Bath	808	20	60	3	20	
LL Mechanical	367	9	151	7	9	
LL Lounge & Stairs	2283	56	259	12	56	
LL Fut. Bedroom #4	829	21	259	12	21	
LL Fut. Bedroom #5	1122	28	259	12	28	
Room Envelope Totals	20214	500	10864	500		



SYSTEMS | Manual J Summary Report

Total Area	Construction Components	HEAT LOSS		HEAT GAIN	
309	Windows & Glass Doors	6749	29.62%	6963	53.29%
	Skylights				
40	Wood & Metal Doors	556	2.44%	179	1.37%
2169	Above Grade Walls	5402	23.71%	700	5.36%
	Partition Walls				
918	Below Grade Walls	3382	14.84%		
721	Ceilings	1046	4.59%	775	5.93%
	Partition Ceilings				
	Passive Floors				
	Exposed Floors				
	Slab Floors				
850	Basement Floors	1033	4.53%		
	Partition Floors				
	Infiltration	2302	10.10%	202	1.54%
	Internal Gains			2120	16.23%
	Duct Loss & Gain	140	0.62%	71	0.55%
	Ventilation	2177	9.55%	349	2.67%
	Blower Heat Gain			1707	13.06%
	Total Sensible	22788	100.00%	13065	100.00%
	Total Latent			1439	
	Total Cooling Load			14504	





Polaris Condensing Water Heater & Unico M2430 2 Ton Hot Water Coil

- 95% CAE
- 120°F Operating Temp.
- Flow Rate: 4 GPM



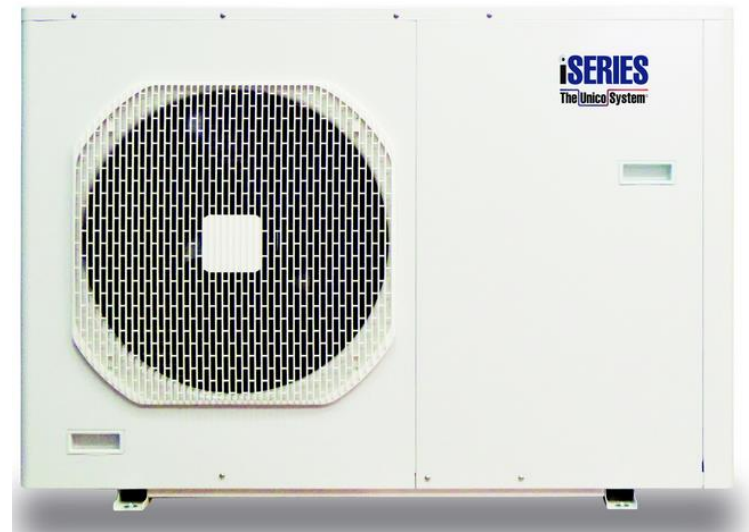
Green Series M2430 Compact Air Handler

- ECM blower

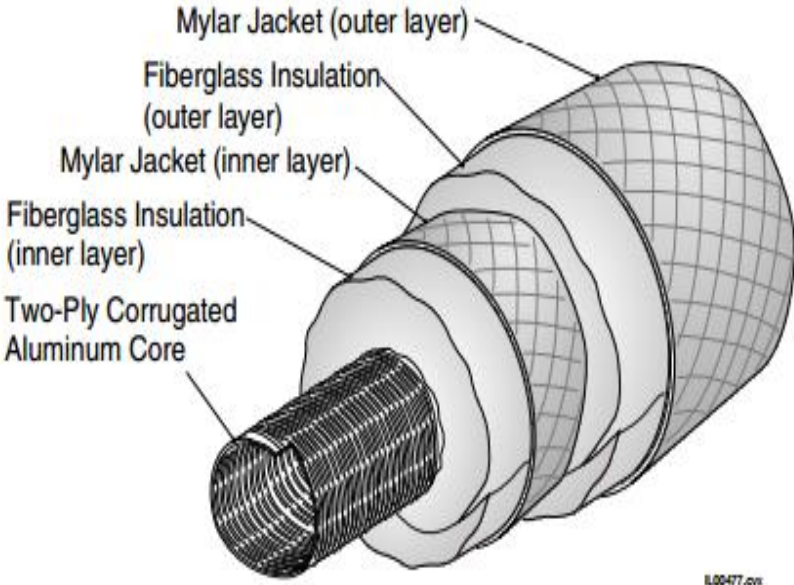


I-Series IS24G065 Outdoor Inverter Heat Pump (IS24G065)

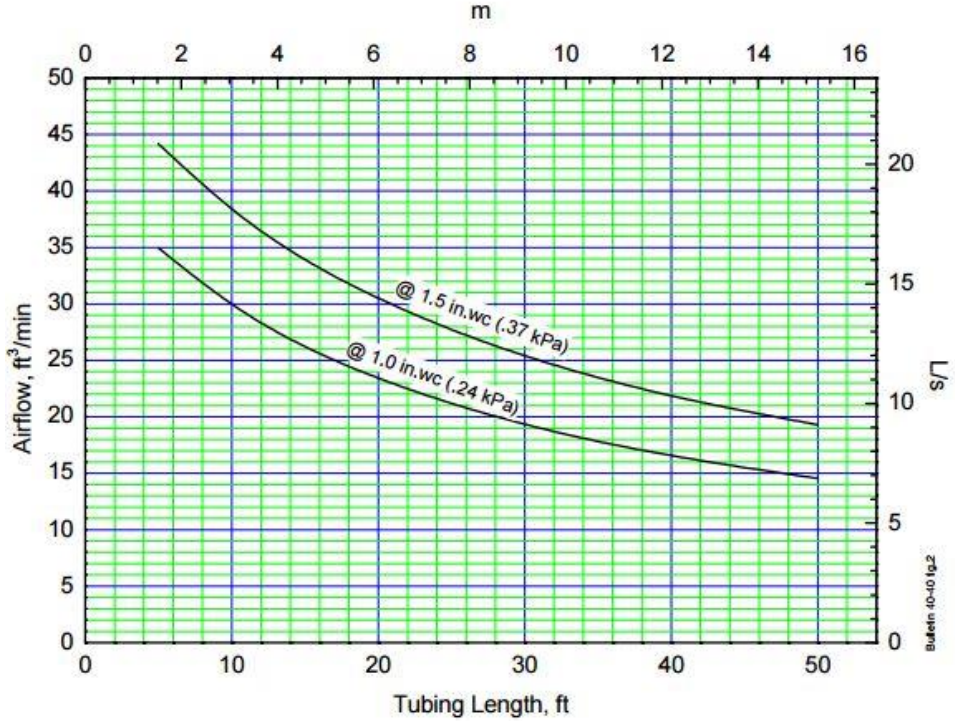
- SEER 14+



SYSTEMS | Distribution Fully-Ducted Supply System



L00477.cdw



Bulletin 40-10 fig.2



SYSTEMS | Supply Duct Data

Design Airflow: 500 CFM

Supply Duct Number	Length from Plenum (ft)	Airflow Capacity (cfm) @1.5 in. wc	Room or Zone
1	22	29	LL Lounge
2	16	33	LL stairs
3	11	38	LL Bedroom 1
4	21	30	LL Bedroom 2
5	16	33	LL Bathroom
6	13	35	LL Mechanical
7	17	33	Front Entrance & stairs
8	10	38	Front Entrance & Stairs
9	20	30	Living Room
10	19	31	Living Room
11	16	33	Kitchen
12	24	28	Mud Room
13	18	32	ML Bathroom
14	30	25	Master Bedroom
15	28	26	Master Bedroom
16	15	34	Hallway
17	18	32	Hallway
18	18	32	UL Bedroom 1
19	25	27	UL Bedroom 2
20	13	35	UL Bathroom
21	4	44	UL Bathroom



Compact, simplified central return system to reduce ductwork and cost

- A centrally-located, dedicated return grille on each floor
- An additional high return grille in the second floor clerestory
- All spaces with doors have transfer grilles

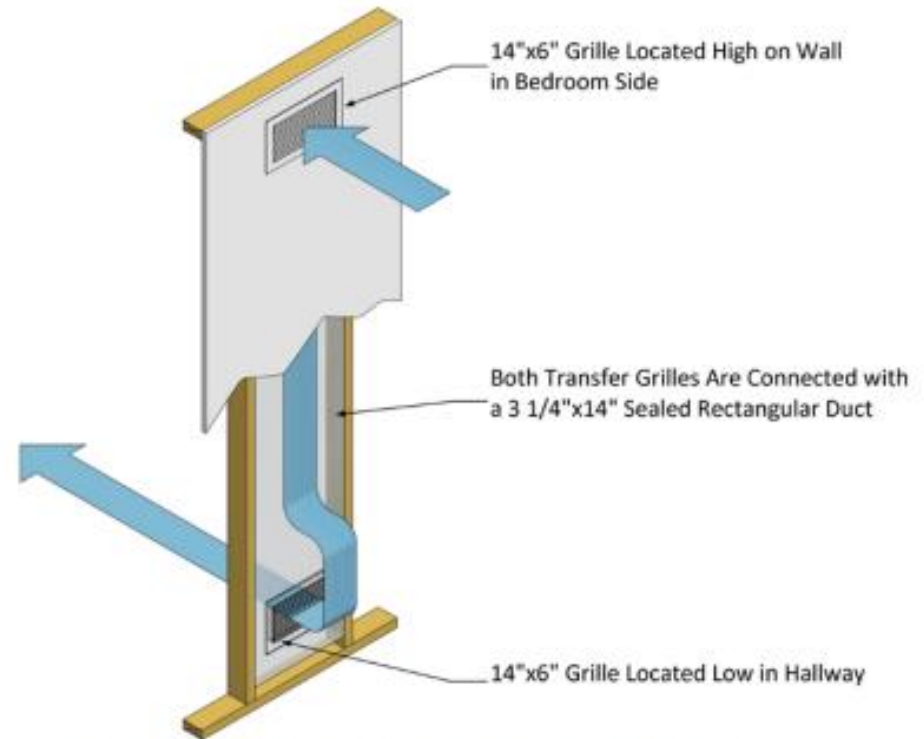
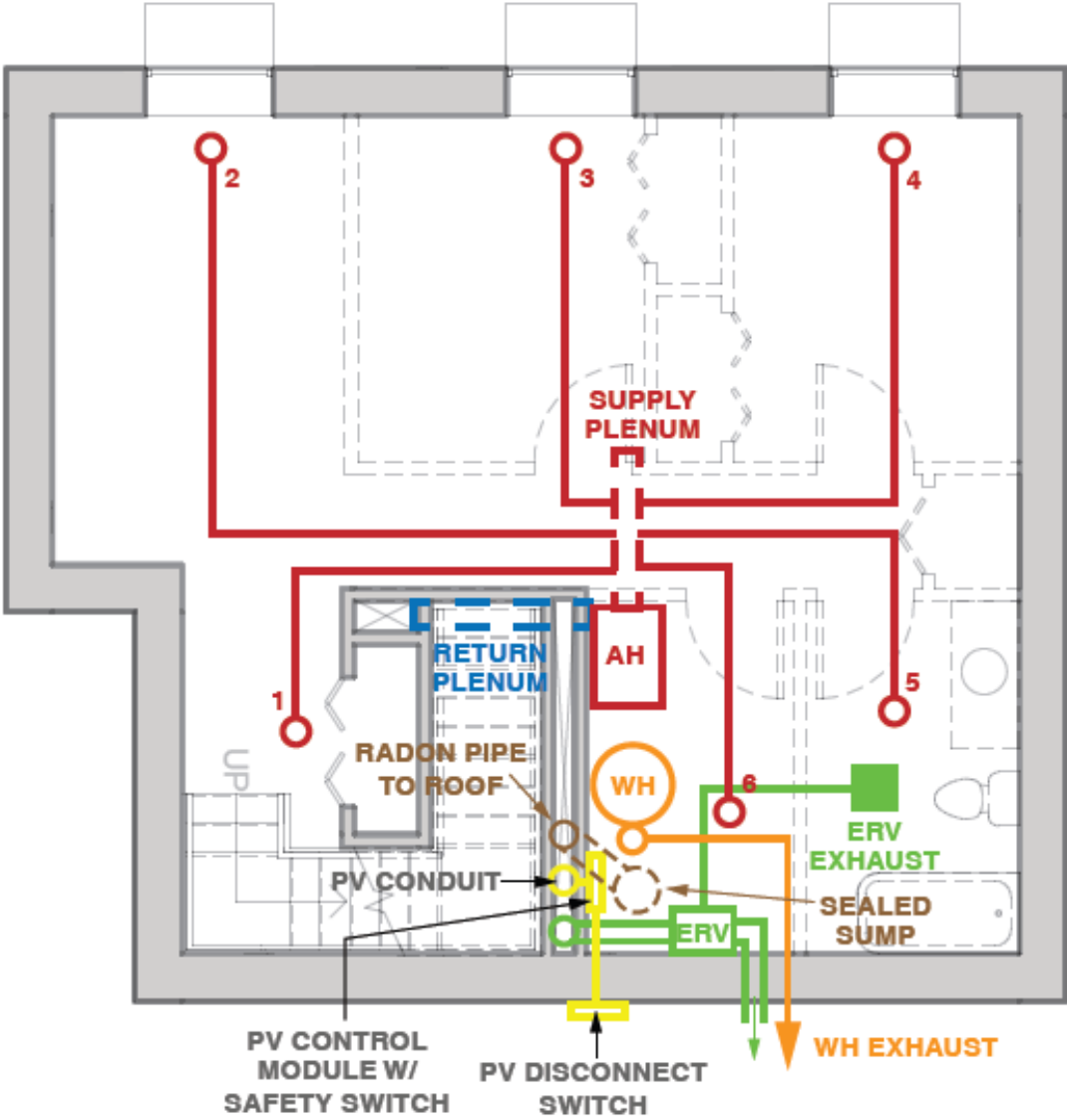
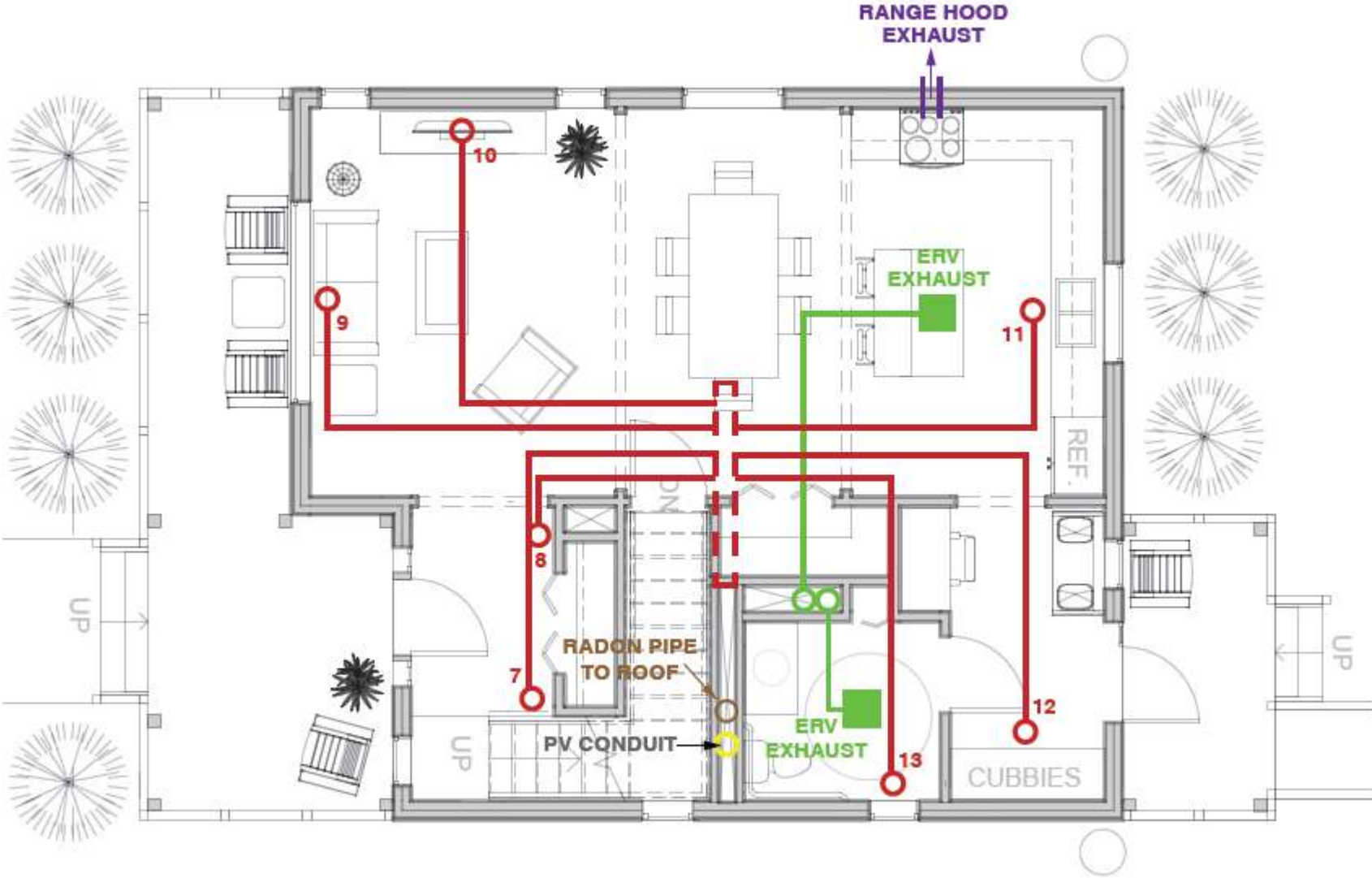


Figure 16. High/low through-the-wall transfer grille

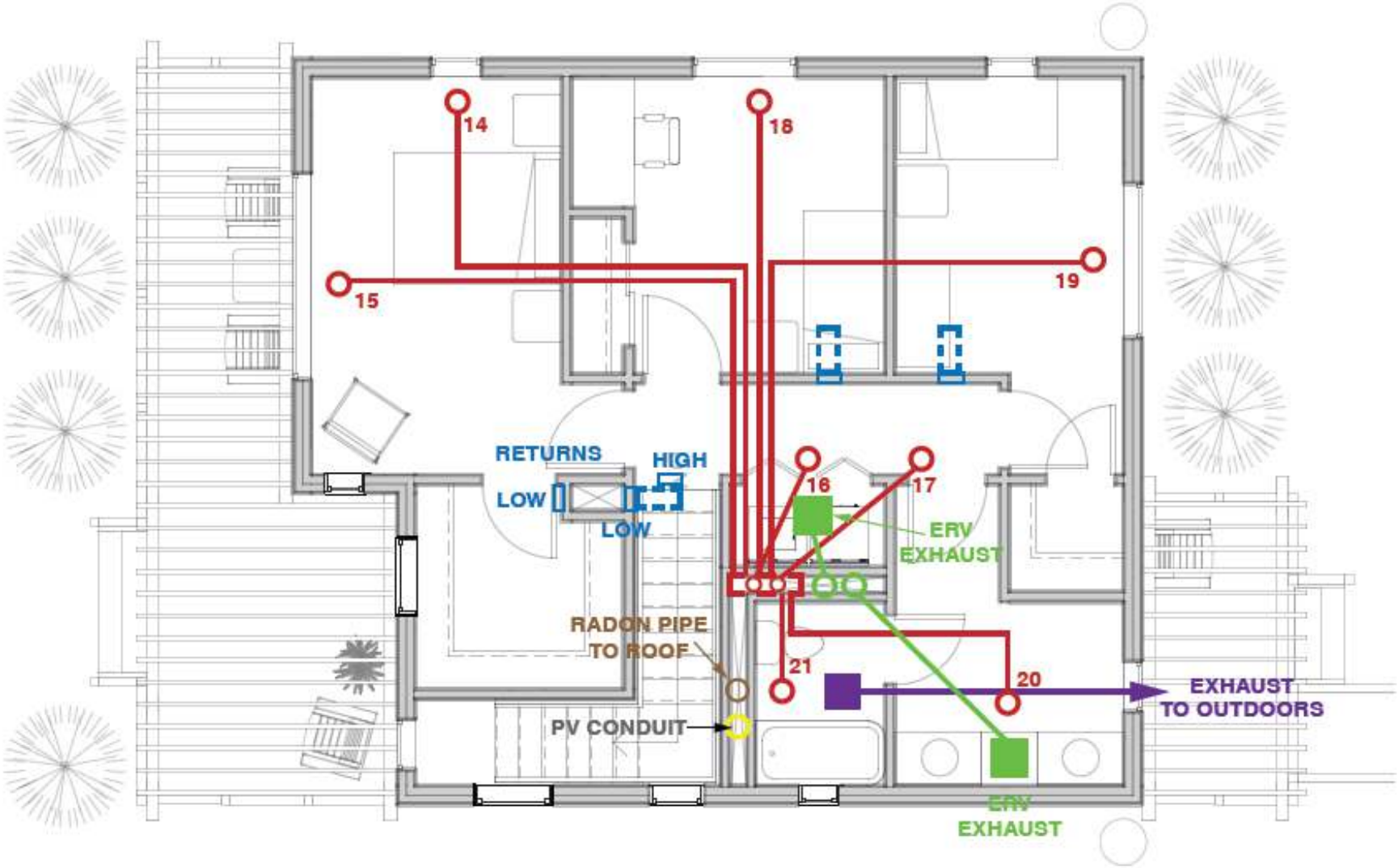
SYSTEMS | Lower Level Mechanical Plan



SYSTEMS | First Floor Mechanical Plan



SYSTEMS | Second Floor Mechanical Plan



Hot Water Goals

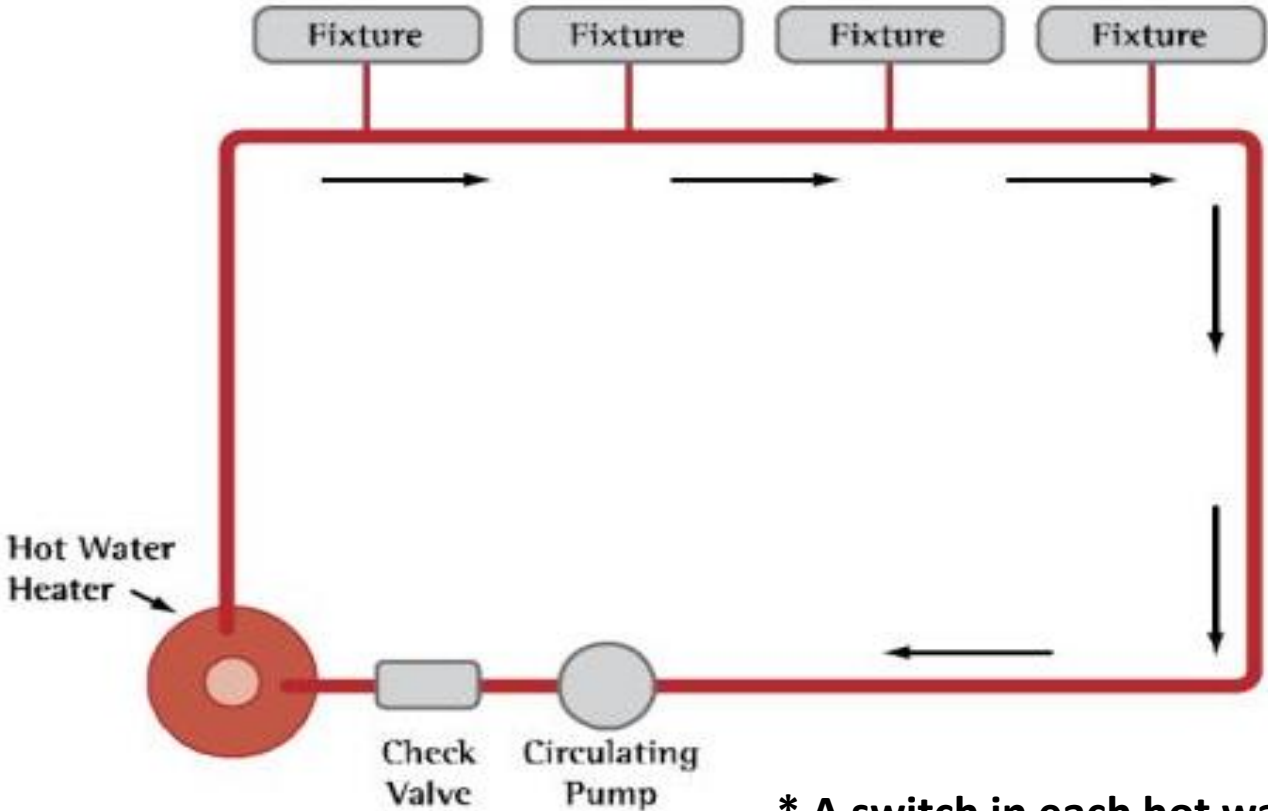
- Minimize cold water wasted waiting for hot water to arrive
- Limit hot water that remains unused in the pipes
- Comply with EPA WaterSense specifications
- High-efficiency, sealed combustion, condensing water heater



Polaris High-Efficiency Water Heater

- 96% thermal efficiency
- 100,000 Btu/hour input
- 34 gallon capacity
- 1% standby losses

SYSTEMS | Demand Recirculation Pump & Loop



*** A switch in each hot water use area initiates the recirculation pump**

SYSTEMS | Hot Water Delivery System Calculations

Hot Water Delivery System Calculations

Demand-Initiated Recirculation System Using CVPC SCH 40 Tubing

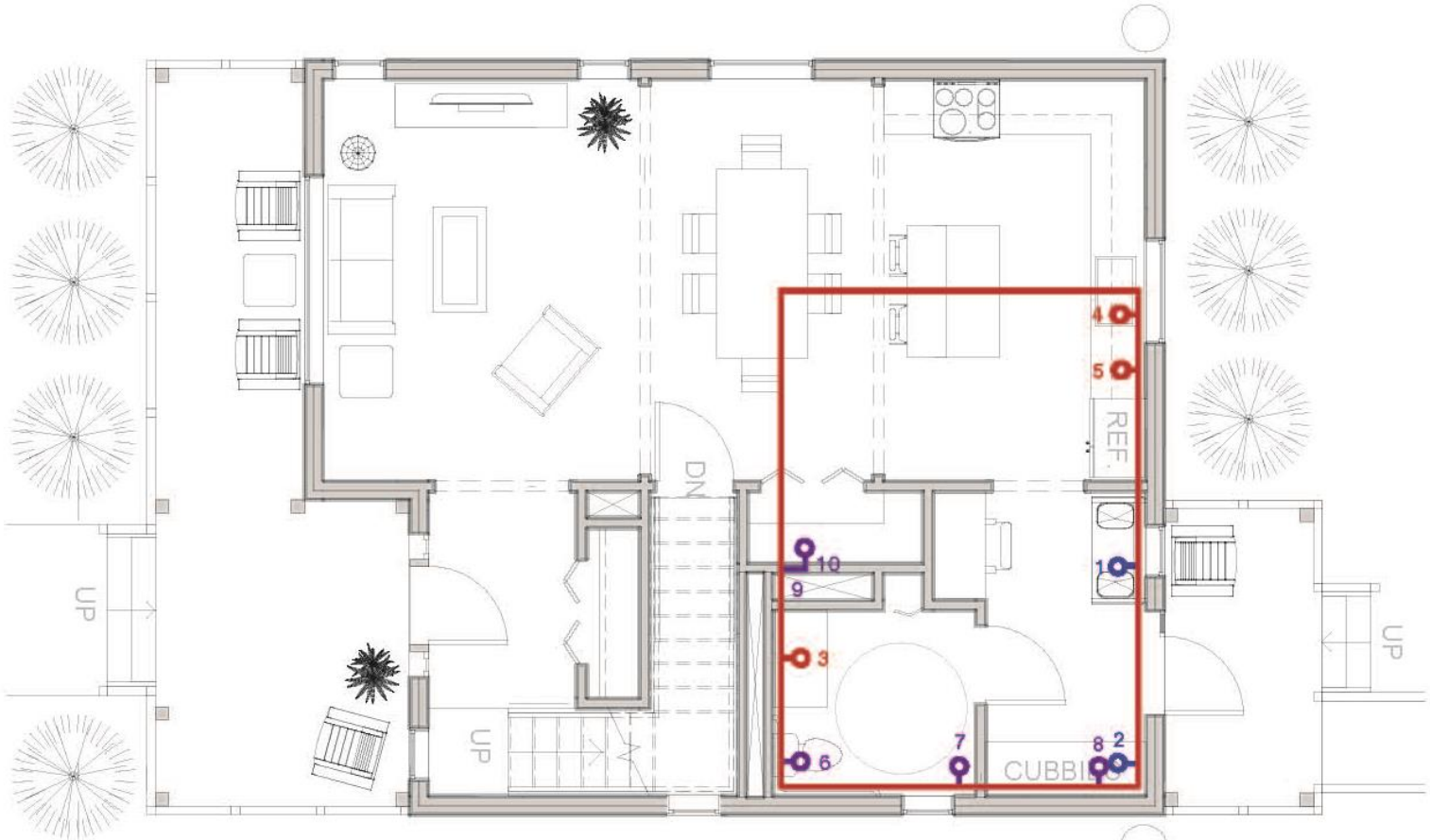
Fixture	Pipe Segment	Pipe Diameter [in]	Water Capacity [oz/ft]	Pipe Length [ft]	Water Volume [gal]
basement bathroom	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	6.5	0.096
	1	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.118
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					4.7
basement bathtub	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	6	0.089
	2	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.111
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					3.0
1st Floor half	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	3.5	0.052
	3	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.074
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					3.0
1st Floor kitchen sink	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	3.5	0.052
	4	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.074
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					2.0
1st floor dishwasher	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	3.5	0.052
	5	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.074
2nd floor tub and shower	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	12.5	0.185
	6	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.207
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					6.2

Fixture	Pipe Segment	Pipe Diameter [in]	Water Capacity [oz/ft]	Pipe Length [ft]	Water Volume [gal]
2nd Floor Bath Sink 1	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	12.5	0.185
	7	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.207
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					8.3
2nd Floor Bath Sink 2	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	12.5	0.185
	8	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.207
Hot Water Wait Time [sec]					8.3
2nd Floor Clothes Washer	Drop from Loop	1/2	1.89	12.5	0.185
	9	1/2	1.89	1	0.015
	10	1/2	1.89	1.5	0.022
Total Hot Water Volume [gal]					0.221

1. Assumes a bathroom sink faucet flow rate of 1.5 gpm: the maximum flow rate for WaterSense labeled bathroom sink faucets
2. Assumes a kitchen faucet flow rate of 2.2 gpm: the maximum flow rate for WaterSense labeled kitchen sink faucets
3. Assumes a showerhead flow rate of 2.0 gpm: the maximum flow rate for WaterSense labeled showerheads.



SYSTEMS | Demand Recirculation Hot Water Distribution



BASEMENT FLOOR PIPE SEGMENTS
1st FLOOR PIPE SEGMENTS
2nd FLOOR PIPE SEGMENTS



3-Step Indoor Air Quality Strategy

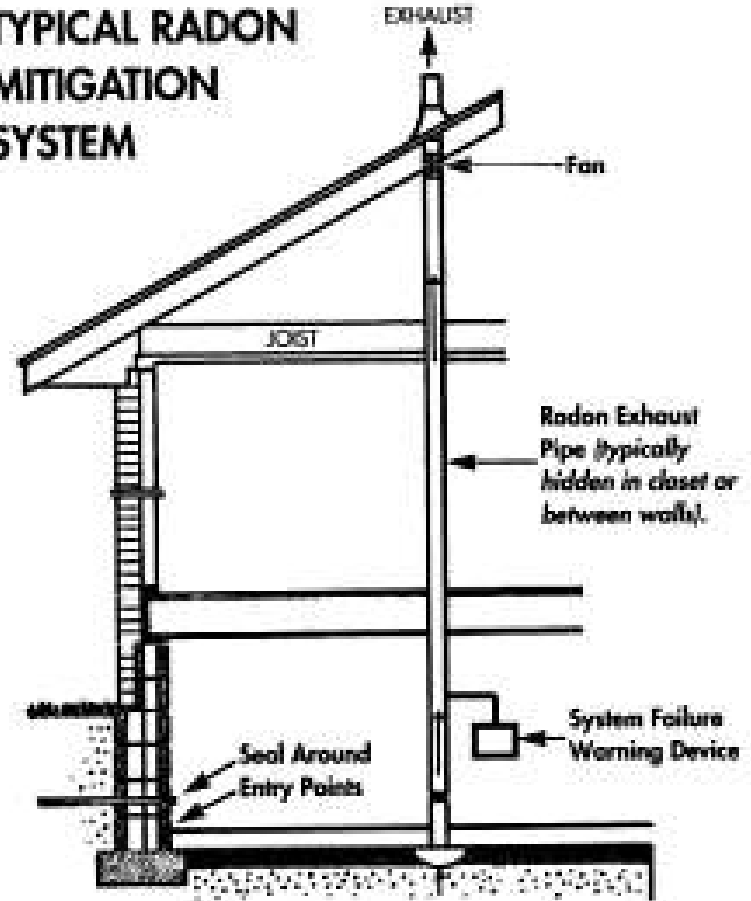
- **Avoid pollutant sources**
 - combustion pollutants
 - radon reduction strategies
 - VOCs, lead, etc.
 - avoidance of garage contaminants
- **Ensure point-source removal**
- **Provide fresh air distribution**



INDOOR AIR QUALITY | Radon/VOC/Particulate Reduction

- Active sub-slab depressurization system to mitigate soil gases
- Material selection following EPA's Indoor AirPLUS to minimize indoor emissions
- Use of hard surface flooring to mitigate particulate loading

TYPICAL RADON MITIGATION SYSTEM



INDOOR AIR QUALITY | Whole House & Fresh Air Filtration



Filtered Airborne Contaminants



POLLEN



PET DANDER



DUST/LINT



DUST MITE



MOLD SPORES



SMOG



ODOR*

Better

	Particle Size Removal	Arrestance	Dust-Spot Efficiency Percent	Typical Applications	Most Common Air Filter Type
MERV 9	-	> 90%	40 - 45%	Better Residential	Bag Filters
MERV 10	-	> 95%	50 - 55%	Better Commercial Buildings	Pleated Filters
MERV 11	-	> 95%	60 - 65%	Hospital Laboratories	Rigid Style Box Filters
MERV 12	-	> 95%	70 - 75%		



INDOOR AIR QUALITY | Ventilation Rates

ASHRAE 62.2 2013		
# BR.	5	3
Sq. Ft.	2544	2544
Total Required Ventilation	121.32	106.32

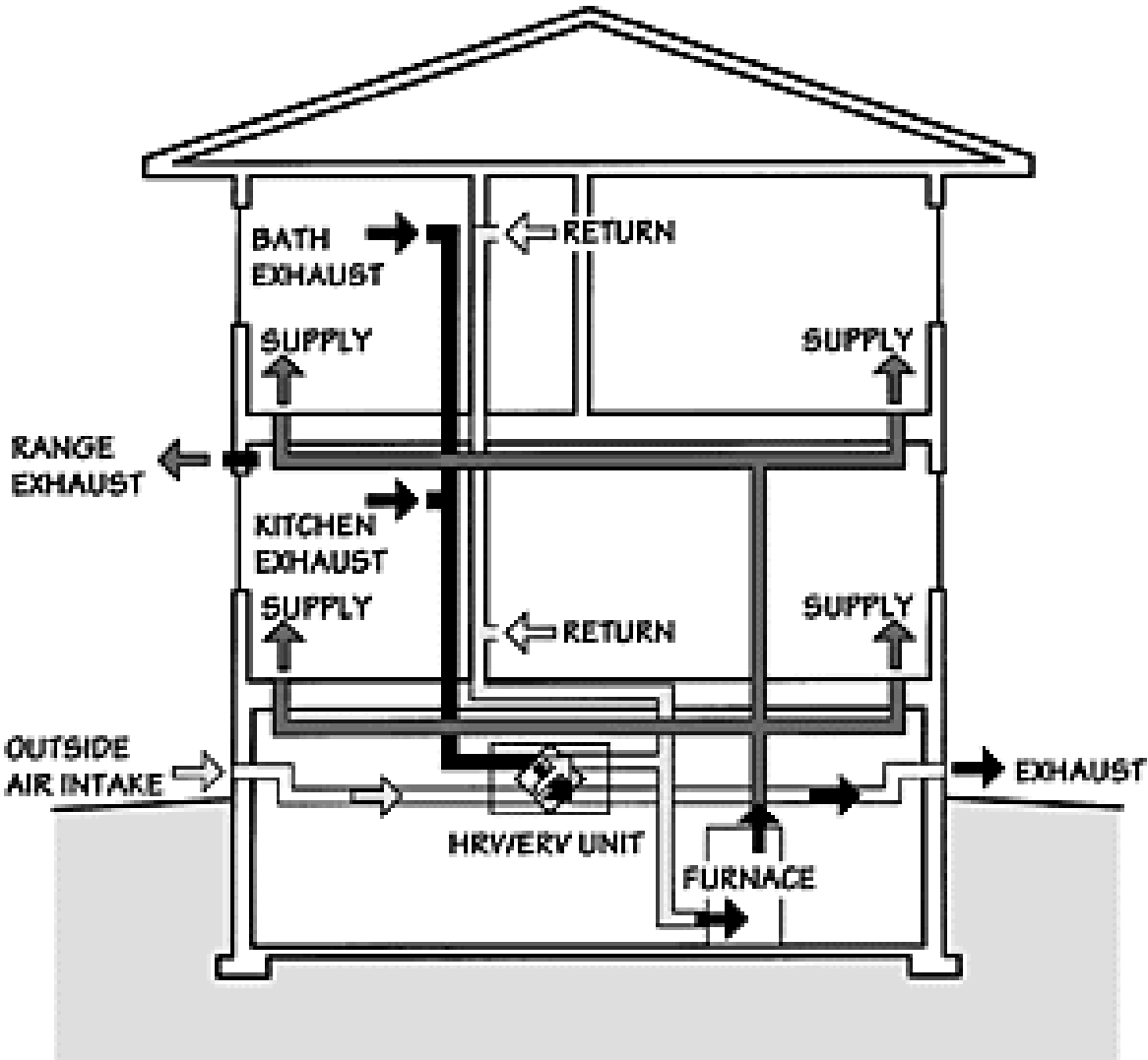
ASHRAE 62.2 2010		
# BR.	5	3
Sq. Ft.	2544	2544
Total Required Ventilation	70.44	55.44

MN Energy Code 2015		
# BR.	5	3
Sq. Ft.	2544	2544
Total Required Ventilation	140.88	110.88
Total Cont. Required	70.44	55.44

MN Energy Code 2015	3 BR		5 BR	
	Cont.	Total	Cont.	Total
* From Table @ 2000-2500 sq ft.	55	100	70	140
* From Table @ 2500-30000 sq ft.	60	120	75	150

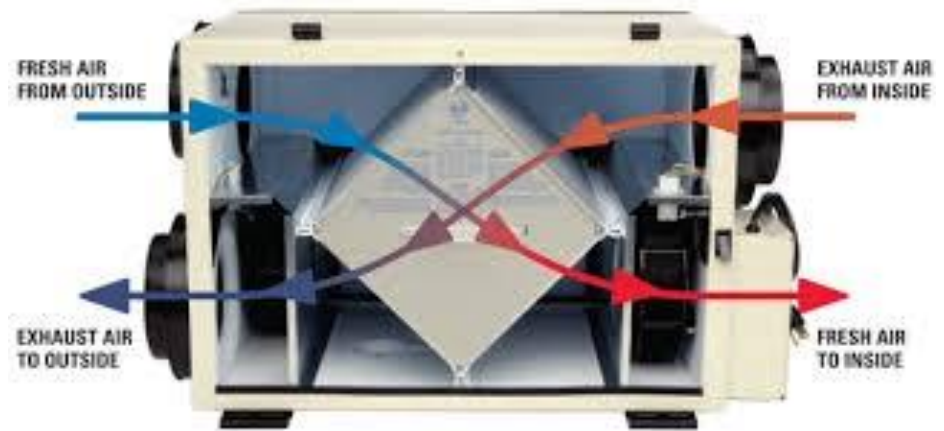


INDOOR AIR QUALITY | Balanced Source-Point Ventilation



Venmar ERV Duo 2.0

- 70% SRE
- 60-120 CFM



Source Point CFM (continuous/high)

- 2nd Floor Bathroom = 10-20 cfm
- 2nd Floor Laundry = 10-20 cfm
- 1st Floor Half-Bath = 20-40 cfm
- 1st Floor Kitchen = 10-20 cfm
- Lower Level = 10-20 cfm

Dedicated Exhaust Fans

- Due to high use and pollutant potential a dedicated exhaust fan is being used in:
 - Primary bath
 - Mitigate odors and humidity
 - Kitchen range
 - Manage gases and particulates
 - Large area for improved capture efficiency

WhisperGreen
VENTILATION FAN



Panasonic FV-08VKM3

- 50 cfm intermittent



Ispira Venmar IU600ES

- 160 cfm intermittent

- **REM/Rate Model**
 - **Meets** DOE ZERH
 - HERS Index = **32**
 - ENERGY STAR Rating of **5 Star Plus**
 - Estimated Annual Energy Cost = **\$1,124**



Annual Load	MMBtu/yr
Heating	29.9
Cooling	6.4
Water Heating	10.8

Annual Consumption	MMBtu/yr
Heating	32.0
Cooling	1.5
Water Heating	11.4
Lights & Appliances	19.0
Photovoltaics	-0.0
Total	63.8

Annual Energy Cost	\$/yr
Heating	282
Cooling	38
Water Heating	97
Lights & Appliances	500
Photovoltaics	-0
Service Charges	204
Total	1121

DRAFT

Design Loads	kBtu/hr
Space Heating	20.2
Space Cooling	10.3

Utility Rates	
Electricity	Xcel Energy Elec
Gas	Xcel Energy Gas

- **REM/Rate Model**
 - **Meets** DOE ZERH
 - HERS Index = **0**
 - ENERGY STAR Rating of **5 Star Plus**
 - Estimated Annual Energy Cost = **\$124**



Annual Load	MMBtu/yr
Heating	29.9
Cooling	6.4
Water Heating	10.8

Annual Consumption	MMBtu/yr
Heating	32.0
Cooling	1.5
Water Heating	11.4
Lights & Appliances	19.0
Photovoltaics	-37.8
Total	26.0

Annual Energy Cost	\$/yr
Heating	282
Cooling	38
Water Heating	97
Lights & Appliances	500
Photovoltaics	-997
Service Charges	204
Total	124

Design Loads	kBtu/hr
Space Heating	20.2
Space Cooling	10.3

Utility Rates	
Electricity	Xcel Energy Elec
Gas	Xcel Energy Gas

DRAFT

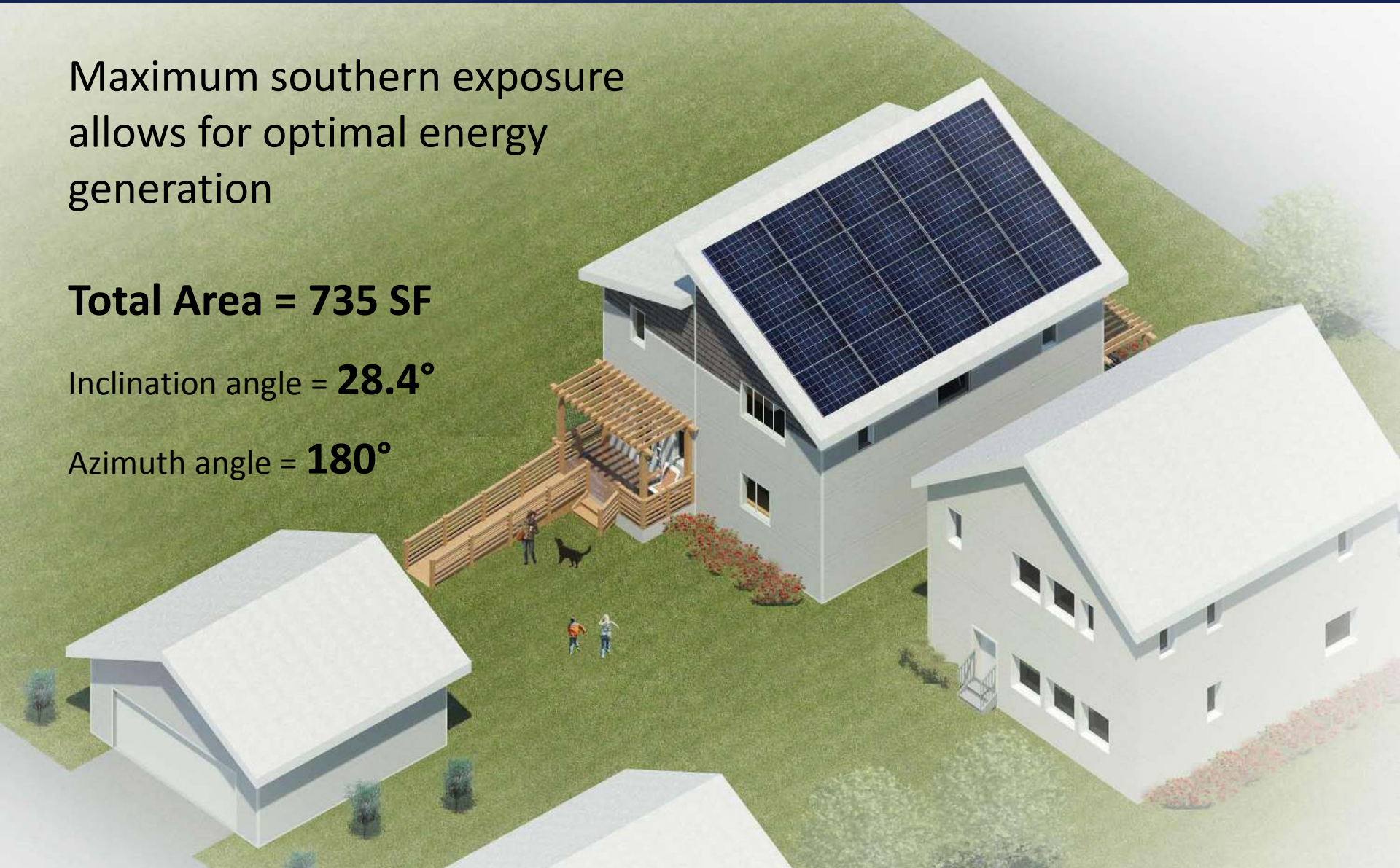
PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM | Aerial View

Maximum southern exposure
allows for optimal energy
generation

Total Area = 735 SF

Inclination angle = **28.4°**

Azimuth angle = **180°**



PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM | Solar Array Analysis

- tenK is Minnesota made, allowing for a Made in Minnesota rebate for 10 years
- Model XT-A 410W system utilizes parallel architecture, a redundant inverter bus, and polycrystalline cells
- 20 - 410 watt panels
- Maximum power generation of 8.2 kW
- Cost before rebates = \$41,000
- Cost after federal tax credit = \$28,700
- Annual energy savings = 10,337 kWh
- At \$0.10/KWh, the PV system will save approximately \$1,034 per year
- HERS Score with PV = 0



PHOTOVOLTAIC ARRAY | Costs & Payback

Year	KWh Produced	MiM Rebate	Annual PV savings	Total Annual Savings	Annual Payback (\$)
0	11,086	\$2,772	\$1,033	\$3,805	24896
1	11,086	\$2,590	\$1,138	\$3,728	21168
2	11,086	\$2,421	\$1,140	\$3,560	17607
3	11,086	\$2,262	\$1,142	\$3,404	14203
4	11,086	\$2,114	\$1,144	\$3,258	10945
5	11,086	\$1,976	\$1,145	\$3,121	7824
6	11,086	\$1,847	\$1,147	\$2,994	4830
7	11,086	\$1,726	\$1,149	\$2,875	1955
8	11,086	\$1,613	\$1,150	\$2,763	-808
9	11,086	\$1,508	\$1,151	\$2,659	-3466
10	11,086	\$1,409	\$1,153	\$2,562	-6028

- kWh production was given by NREL calculator using local weather data and assumed to be constant
- PV information can be found in energy analysis
- **Made in Minnesota (MIN) rebate** is given for 10 years & awarded for using local MN solar panels
- **Payback is in year 8**



LIGHTING | Annual Electricity Cost Comparison

LED Lights						Incandescent Lights	
FIXTURE	Units	LED Watt	Hours/Day	Total Watt/Day	Total kWh/year	Watts/Unit	Total kWh/year
Track Lighting	1	16	8	128	46.72	65	189.8
Island Lighting	1	60	8	480	175.2	65	189.8
Ceiling Lights							
(Bed 1)	1	16.92	3	50.76	18.5274	65	71.2
(Bed2)	1	16.92	5	84.6	30.879	65	118.6
(Bed3)	1	16.92	3	50.76	18.5274	65	71.2
(Closets)	4	16.92	2	135.36	49.4064	65	189.8
(Foyer)	2	16.92	5	169.2	61.758	65	237.3
(Hall)	1	16.92	5	84.6	30.879	65	118.6
(Bath)	3	16.92	4	203.04	74.1096	65	284.7
(Living/Dining)	2	16.92	8	270.72	98.8128	65	379.6
Sconce Fixture	2	13	12	312	113.88	65	569.4
Vanity Fixtures	3	13	4	156	56.94	65	284.7
Wall-Mounts	2	11.6	12	278.4	101.616	100	876.0
Total					877.2556		3580.65
Cost (\$/kWh)					\$0.10		\$0.10
Total (\$/yr)					\$87.73		\$358.07

Total Savings (\$/yr)

\$270.34



APPLIANCE CHOICE | Balancing Cost & Performance



Ventless washer-dryer
combo for ZERO impact
on house pressure
during operation

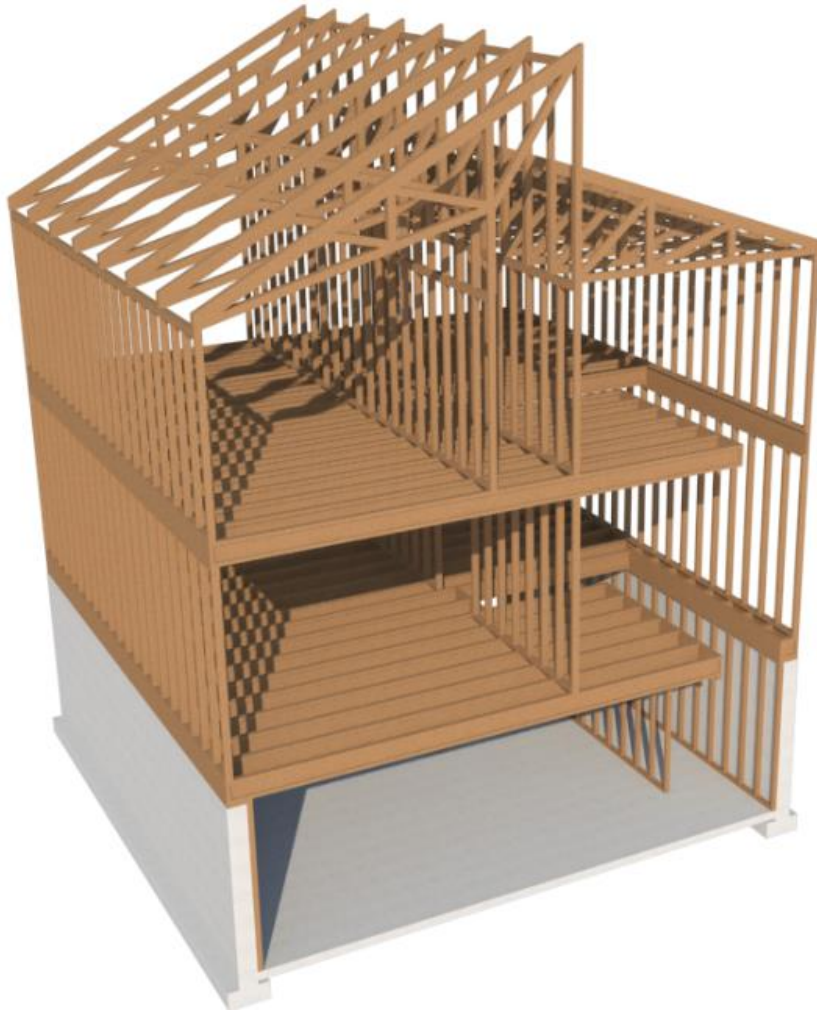


Efficient fan motors
for air handler, ERV, bath
fan, and range hood



ENERGY STAR
rated appliances
and fans

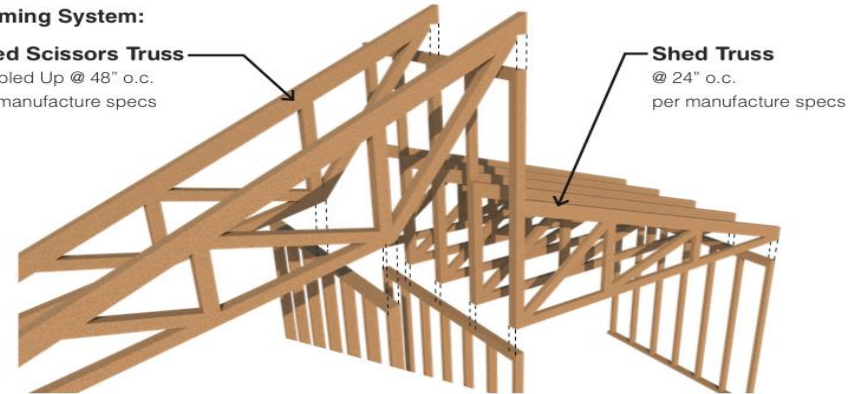
CONSTRUCTABILITY | Familiar Systems & Materials



Framing System:

Shed Scissors Truss

Doubled Up @ 48" o.c.
per manufacture specs



Shed Truss

@ 24" o.c.
per manufacture specs

Approachable and Appropriate Construction Materials and Methods

- Simplified shape in 4' modules
- Use of traditional framing techniques
- Use of prefabricated roof trusses
- Use of readily accessible building materials
- Simplified duct and hot water systems
- A "Construction Quality Management Plan" for unique and sequence sensitive details

	Annual	Monthly
Medium Family Income (MFI)	\$63,900	\$5, 325
Home Ownership Affordability	\$24,282	\$1,650.75
Utility Costs	\$1, 121	\$93
Property Tax	\$1, 917	\$108
Insurance	\$780	\$92
Mortgage Insurance	\$1, 598	\$133.13
Down Payment	\$62,369	
Monthly Household Debt	\$320	\$26.63
Amount Available for Mortgage Payment	\$18,547	\$1,546

What can the Homeowner Afford?

- Using a median family income (MFI) of \$63,900 for a family of four, which is 80% of Hennepin County's MFI of \$82,300
- Utility costs found by REM/Rate estimates
- **Down Payment** is paid in year 1, and is calculated to be **20% of home's value**

Monthly Payment of Opti-MN House **\$1,264**

82% of what the family of four can afford



	Annual	Monthly
Medium Family Income (MFI)	\$63,900	\$5,325
Home Ownership Affordability	\$24,282	\$1,650.75
Utility Costs	\$1, 121	\$93
Property Tax	\$1, 296	\$108
Insurance	\$780	\$92
Mortgage Insurance	\$1,600	\$90
Down Payment	\$7,600	
Monthly Household Debt	\$320	\$26.63
Amount Available for Mortgage Payment	\$14,894	\$1,241.13

Monthly Payment of Opti-MN House with Special Financing \$731.65

What can the Homeowner Afford?

- **Using the maximum median family income of \$63,900**
Minnesota Housing Finance Agency as the cap for “Low income” category of mortgage products for first-time homebuyers
- Utility costs found by REM/Rate estimates
- **Down Payment is 5% of mortgage amount**

Well within reach of the future homeowner

PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

Hard Cost Preliminary Cost Estimate

- **\$226,800 or \$133 per ft²**

\$318,900 TOTAL project cost after adding the competition 40.6% for soft costs



Green Homes North Example

PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

Preliminary Budget			
Line Item	Base Model Cost	Opti-MN House Cost	Cost/SF
Site Preparation			
Lot Cost	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$2.22
Utility Connections	\$7,800.00	\$8,827.05	\$3.47
Concrete	\$20,500.00	\$23,199.29	\$9.12
Misc. Prep Costs	\$13,500.00	\$15,277.58	\$6.01
Subtotal Prep Costs	\$46,800.00	\$52,303.91	
General Construction			\$0.00
Framing	\$27,501.00	\$21,098.09	\$12.23
Windows and Doors	\$8,694.80	\$10,294.80	\$3.87
Insulation	\$12,604.00	\$12,418.59	\$5.61
Drywall	\$2,784.45	\$2,160.72	\$1.24
Misc. General Construction Costs	\$2,278.15	\$2,831.87	\$1.01
Subtotal General Construction	\$53,862.40	\$48,804.07	



PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

Preliminary Budget			
Line Item	Base Model Cost	Opti-MN House Cost	Cost/SF
Interior Finishing			
Finish Carpentry	\$14,098.25	\$10,636.40	\$6.27
Tile Work	\$1,430	\$1,078.86	\$0.64
Flooring	\$10,345	\$7,804.77	\$4.60
Painting	\$3,000	\$2,263.35	\$1.33
Misc. Interior Painting Costs	\$1,500	\$1,131.67	\$0.67
Punch List	\$2,000	\$1,508.90	\$0.89
Subtotal Interior Finishes	\$32,373.25	\$24,423.95	
Exterior Finishes			
Exterior Cladding	\$6,455	\$7,304.95	\$2.87
Porches	\$3,300	\$3,373.52	\$1.47
Landscaping Improvements	\$1,500	\$1,697.51	\$0.67
Misc. Exterior Finishing Costs	\$100	\$113.17	\$0.04
Subtotal Exterior Finishes	\$11,355	\$12,850.14	
Garage Construction	\$12,885	\$12,885	



PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

Preliminary Budget			
Line Item	Base Model Cost	Opti-MN House Cost	Cost/SF
Roofing			
Roofing	\$5,662.44	\$11,815.77	\$2.52
Gutters	\$1,120	\$844.98	\$0.50
Subtotal Roofing	\$6,782.44	\$12,660.75	
Electrical Systems			
Lighting Package	\$2,250	\$2,946.26	\$1.00
Electrical Labor	\$7,395	\$8,368.72	\$3.29
Subtotal Electrical Systems	\$9,645	\$11,314.98	
Plumbing Systems			
Plumbing Fixtures	\$2,000	\$3,908.90	\$0.89
Plumbing Labor	\$13,000	\$9,807.83	\$5.78
Misc. Plumbing Systems Costs	\$250	\$188.61	\$0.11
Subtotal Plumbing Systems	\$15,250	\$13,905.34	



PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

Preliminary Budget			
Line Item	Base Model Cost	Opti-MN House Cost	Cost/SF
HVAC Systems			
Heating and Cooling	\$14,000	\$10,600	\$6.23
Ventilation	\$1,100	\$1,544.84	\$0.49
Subtotal HVAC Systems	\$15,100	\$12,144.84	
Energy Conservation			
Appliances	\$2,700	\$2,595	\$1.20
Subtotal Energy Conservation	\$2,700	\$2,595	
Other			
General Requirements	\$8,830	\$9,992.67	\$3.93
Builder's Profit	\$2,849.72	\$3,224.95	\$1.27
Overhead	\$7,064	\$7,994.14	\$3.14
Warranty Accrual	\$1,500	\$1,697.51	\$0.67
Subtotal Other	\$20,243.72	\$22,909.26	
GRAND TOTAL	\$226,996.81	\$226,797.24	
5% Contingency		\$11,339.86	



Department of Energy's **CHALLENGE**

to build a Zero Energy Ready Home



HERS score of 32 without PV

HERS score of 0 with PV

Urban Homeworks' **MISSION**

to produce equitable, dignified, communities

Green Homes North **INITIATIVE**

to revitalize North Minneapolis neighborhoods with affordable, sustainable, and quality homes

Team OptiMN's **GOAL**

is to design a home that makes an **IMPACT** by achieving all of the above

Department of Energy's **CHALLENGE**

to build a Zero Energy Ready Home

Urban Homeworks' **MISSION**

to produce equitable, dignified, communities



An affordable house design that is larger, more flexible, and higher performance.

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to revitalize North Minneapolis neighborhoods with affordable, sustainable, and quality homes

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Green Homes North **INITIATIVE**

to revitalize North Minneapolis neighborhoods with affordable, sustainable, and quality homes



Giving new life to a vacant lot with a highly efficient home design for the future

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Department of Energy's **CHALLENGE**

to build a Zero Energy Ready Home

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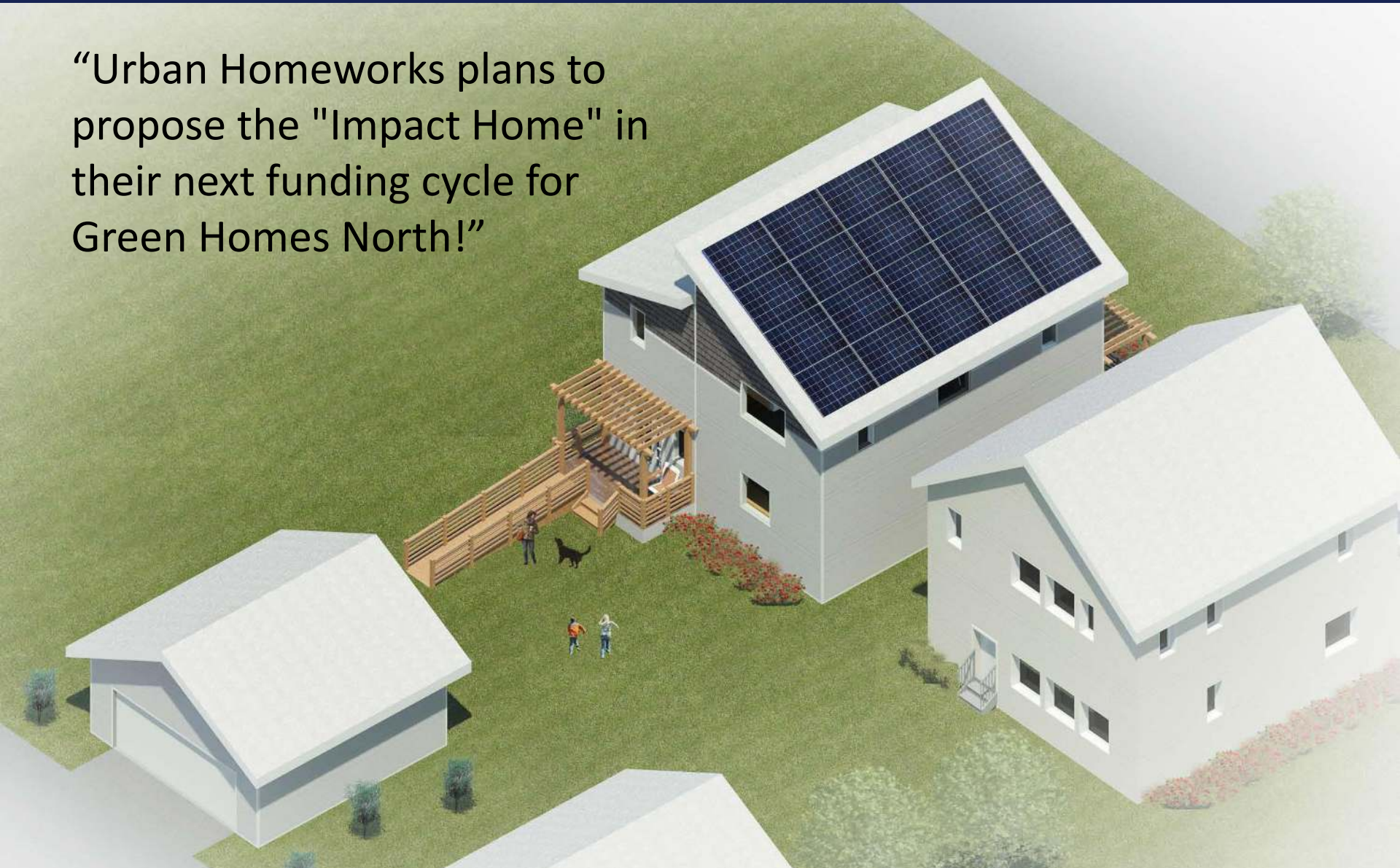
Team OptiMN's **GOAL**

is to design a home that makes an **IMPACT** by achieving all of the above

We successfully met these goals by creating an affordable, high-performance home that truly benefits the owner, the community, and the environment

CONCLUSION | And One Last Thing...

“Urban Homeworks plans to propose the "Impact Home" in their next funding cycle for Green Homes North!”



CONCLUSION | A Special Thank You from Team OptiMN



QUESTIONS?

